



EOS
THE EXCELLENCE
OF SCIENCE

DEVELOPMENT OF BENCHMARK C-BASED ACID CATALYSTS FOR LIGNOCELLULOSIC BIOMASS CONVERSION INTO 5-HMF

PHOSPORE SPRING SCHOOL 14 – 16 April 2024

Presentation by Tonelli Alessia – PhD H WP3

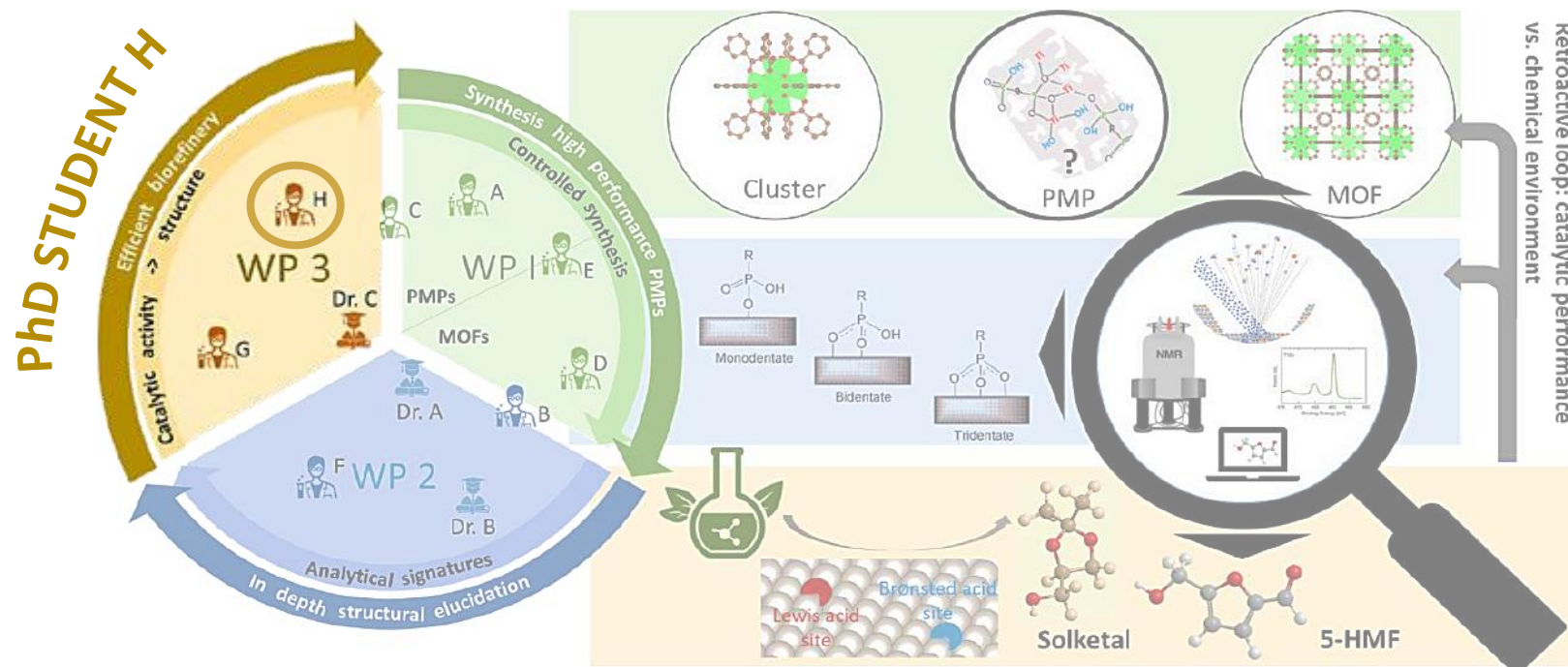
PHOSPORE framework

A brief overview upon the role of PhD student H

STARTING 01.10.2023

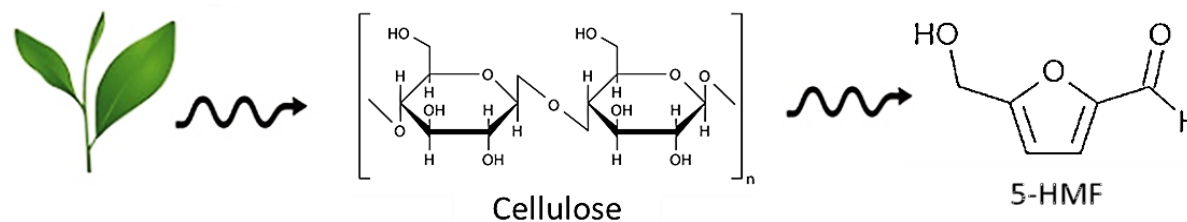
SUPERVISOR: Prof.
Sophie Hermans

IMC  UCLouvain



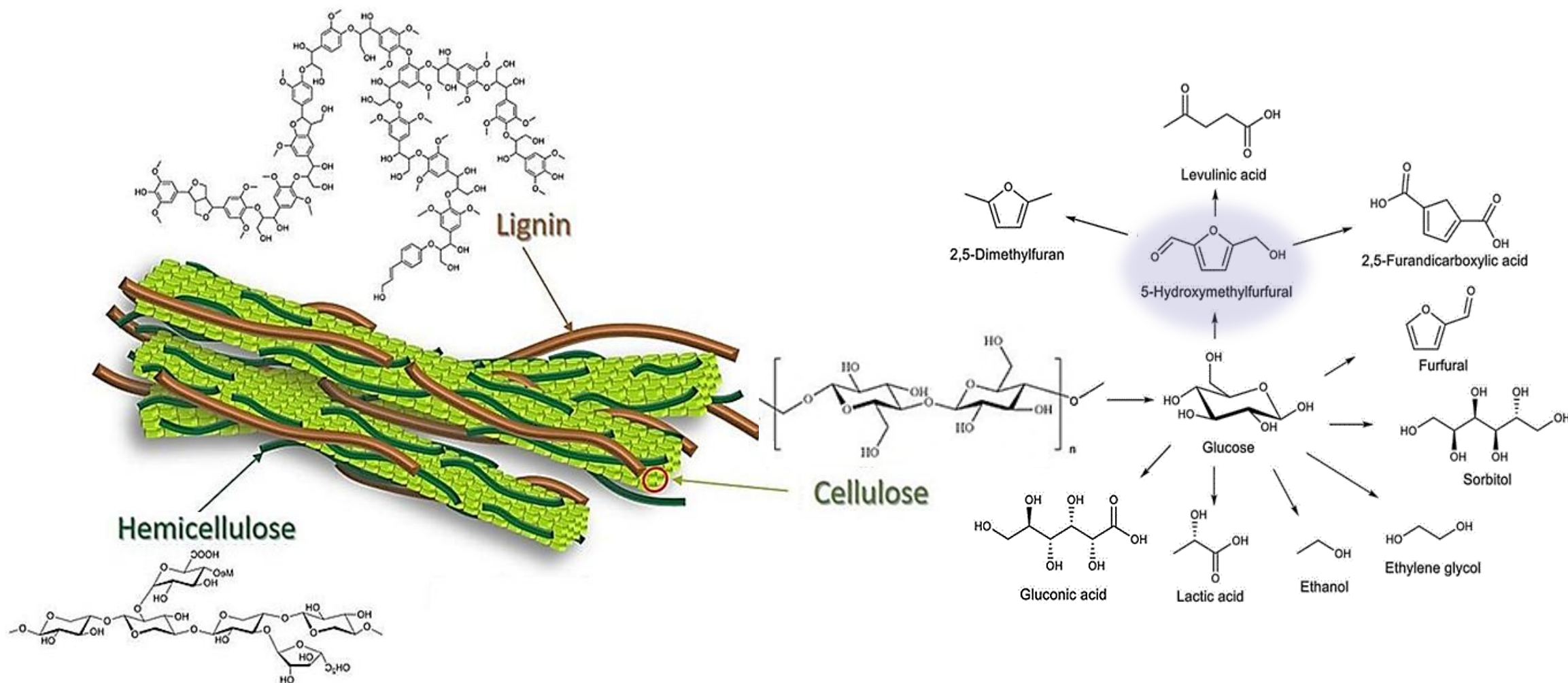
DEVELOPMENT OF
BENCHMARK CATALYSTS

CATALYTIC TESTS ON
WP1 MATERIALS



5-hydroxymethylfurfural (5-HMF)

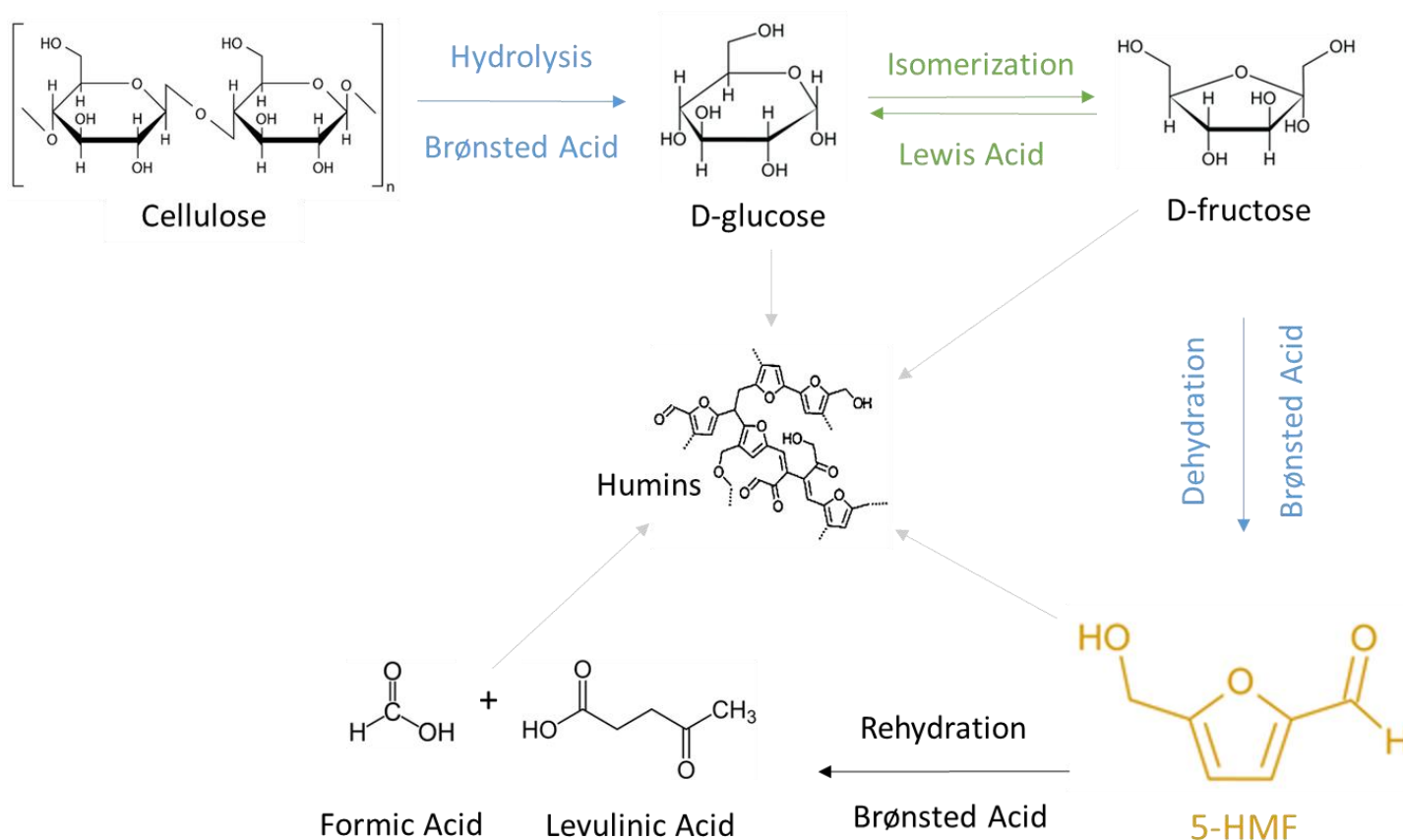
A high added-value platform chemical to be recovered and valorized



5-hydroxymethylfurfural (5-HMF)

A high added-value platform chemical to be recovered and valorized

Three-step conversion enhanced by acid catalysis:



- **Both acidic sites** in a **balanced ratio**;
- **High conversion** and **yield** (avoiding further hydration);
- **High selectivity** (preventing the formation of sugary by-products or humins).

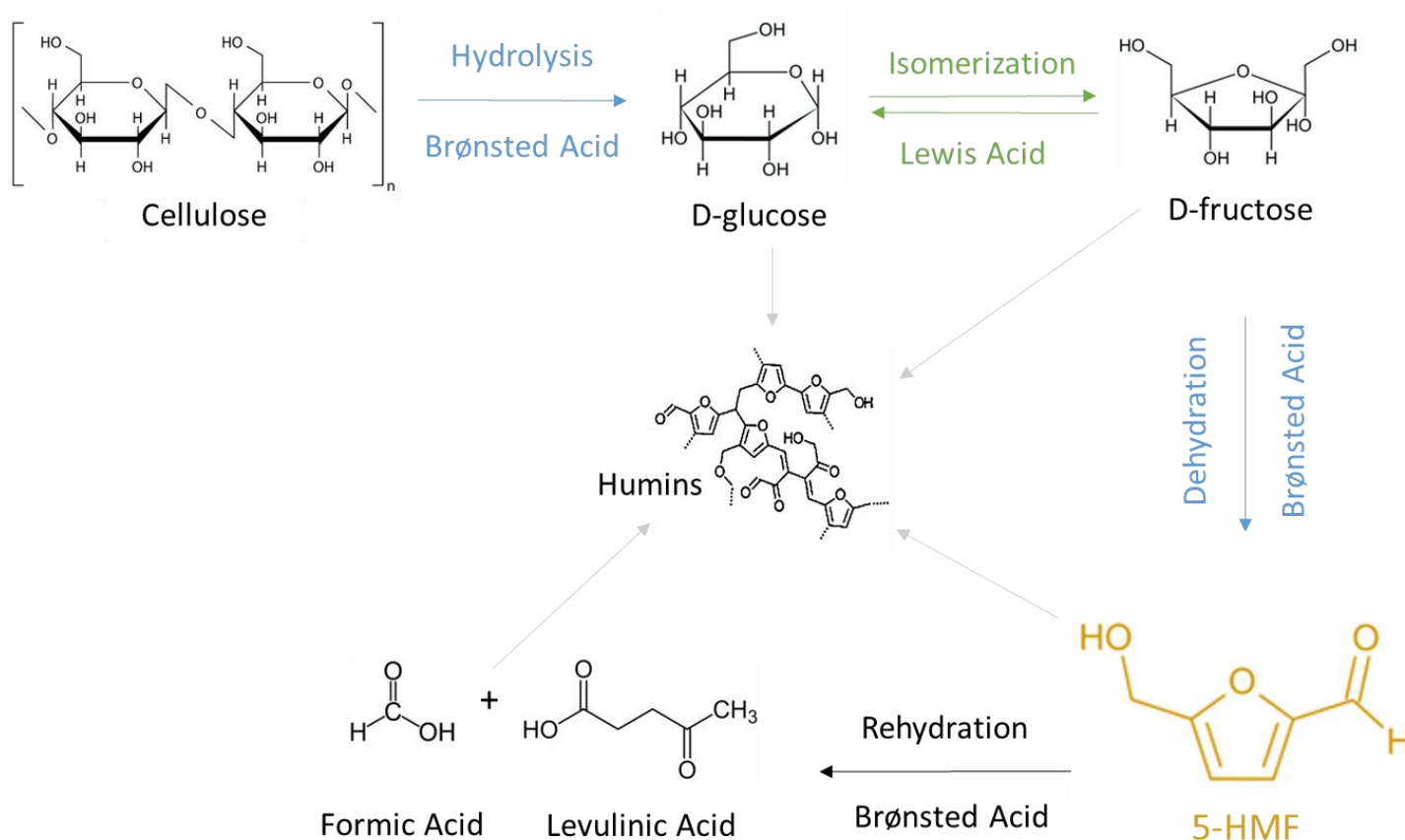
HETEROGENEOUS



5-hydroxymethylfurfural (5-HMF)

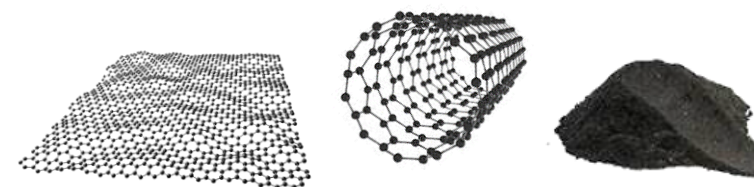
A high added-value platform chemical to be recovered and valorized

Three-step conversion enhanced by acid catalysis:



Carbon-based support:

- Stability in water and O-rich media;
- Good mechanical and chemical resistance;
- Different forms available with **controlled and tuneable porosity**;
- **Easy functionalization**.



Designed working tasks

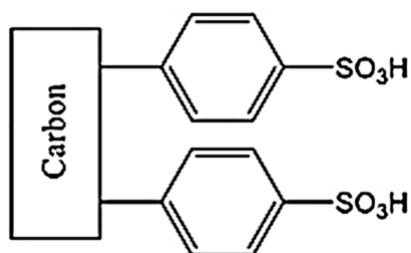
Development of bi-functional carbon-based acid catalysts

TASK 1

Preparation and characterization
of sulfonated carbons



Brønsted acidity



TASK 2

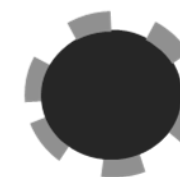
Preparation and characterization of a
continuous/discontinuous mesoporous
oxide layer on a carbon substrate



Lewis acidity



CONTINUOUS LAYER



METAL-OXIDE ISLANDS

Designed working tasks

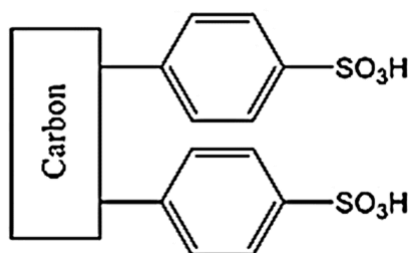
Development of bi-functional carbon-based acid catalysts

TASK 1

Preparation and characterization
of sulfonated carbons



Brønsted acidity



Niobium, Hafnium, Tungsten and mixed oxides

TASK 2

Preparation and characterization of a
continuous/discontinuous mesoporous
oxide layer on a carbon substrate



Lewis acidity

PROMOTE
ISOMERIZATION

Aluminium

Zirconium

PROMOTE
DEHYDRATION

Titanium

Zinc

Designed working tasks

Development of bi-functional carbon-based acid catalysts

TASK 1

Preparation and characterization
of sulfonated carbons

TASK 2

Preparation and characterization of a
continuous/discontinuous mesoporous
oxide layer on a carbon substrate

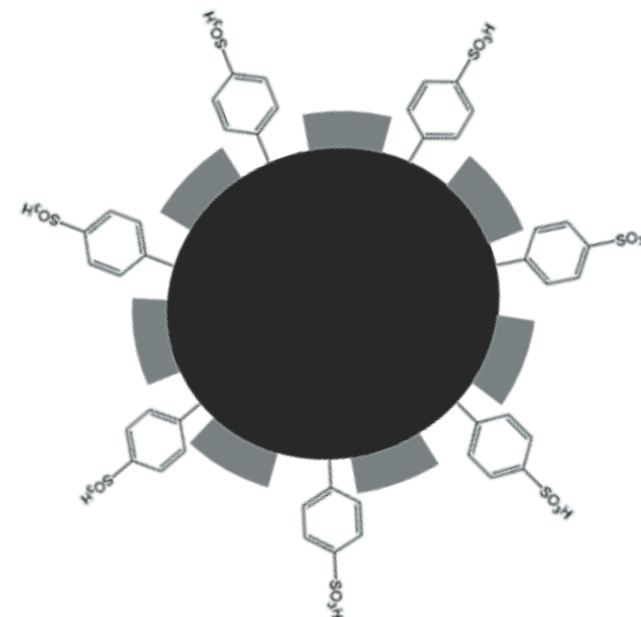
TASK 3

Synthesis of a bi-functional
system: characterization, study
of the catalytic performances
and optimization.

Brønsted acidity

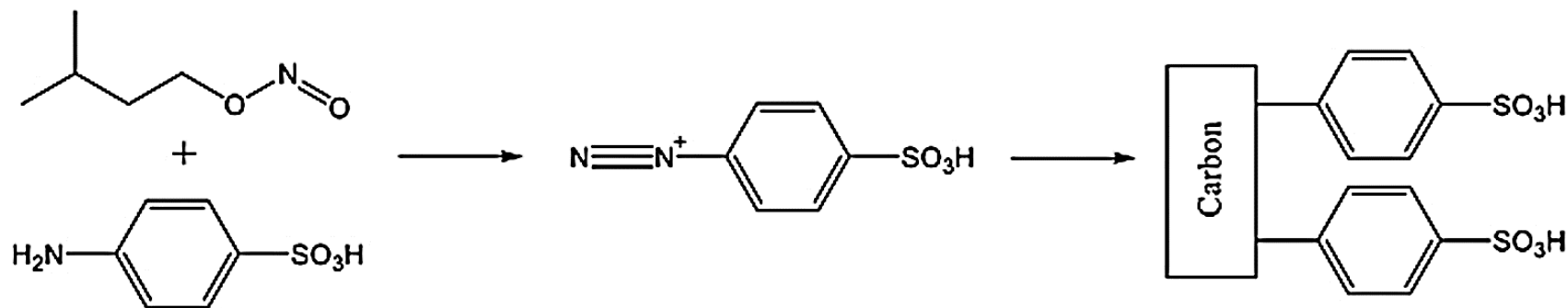


Lewis acidity



TASK 1: Synthesis of the sulfonated catalysts

Diazonium coupling method on a carbon-based substrate



STEP 1 : 1g C substrate + 1.5g sulphanilic acid in 60mL H_2O (distilled)

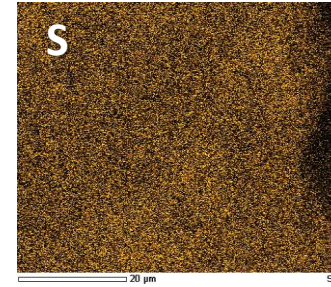
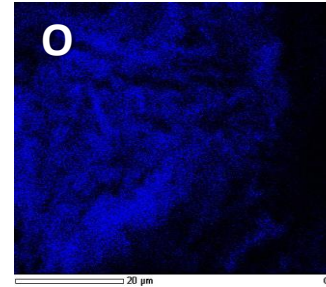
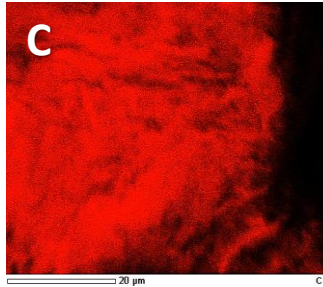
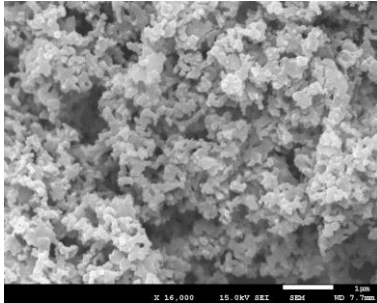
STEP 2 : addition of 1.2mL of isopentyl nitrite

TASK 1: Synthesis of the sulfonated catalysts

Diazonium coupling method on a carbon-based substrate

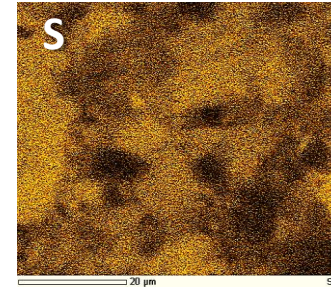
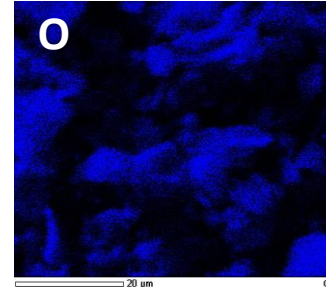
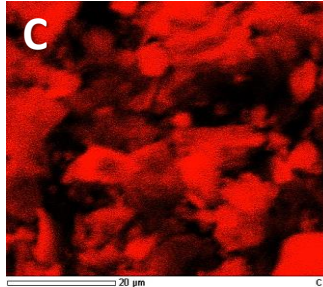
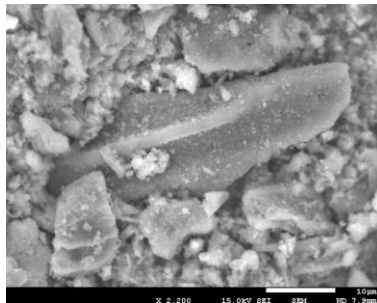
SEM IMAGING + EDX PROBING

CB@SO₃H



Average **S%** as mass of element = **0.21**

SX+@SO₃H



Average **S%** as mass of element = **2.87**

(SX+) >>> CB

Higher surface area

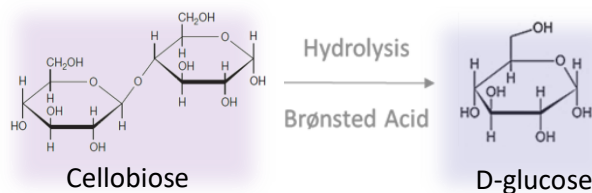


EASE OF
FUNCTIONALIZATION

NO. SITE AVAILABLE
FOR CATALYSIS

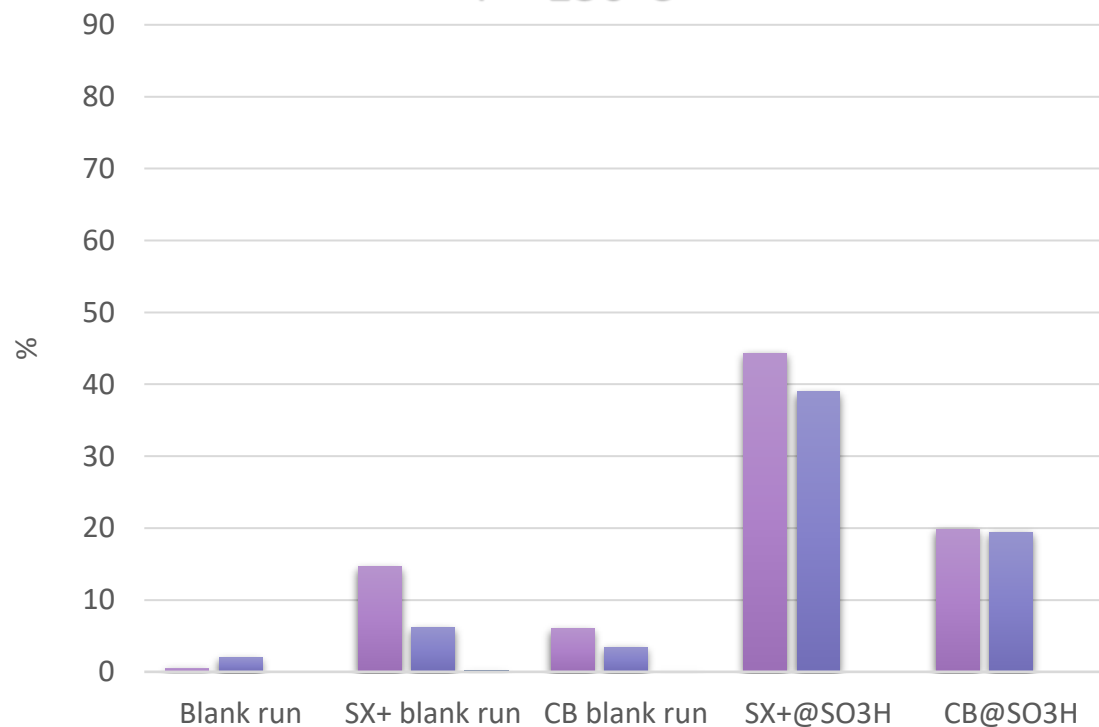
TASK 1: Characterization of the sulfonated catalysts

Catalytic performance evaluation – from Cellobiose to Glucose

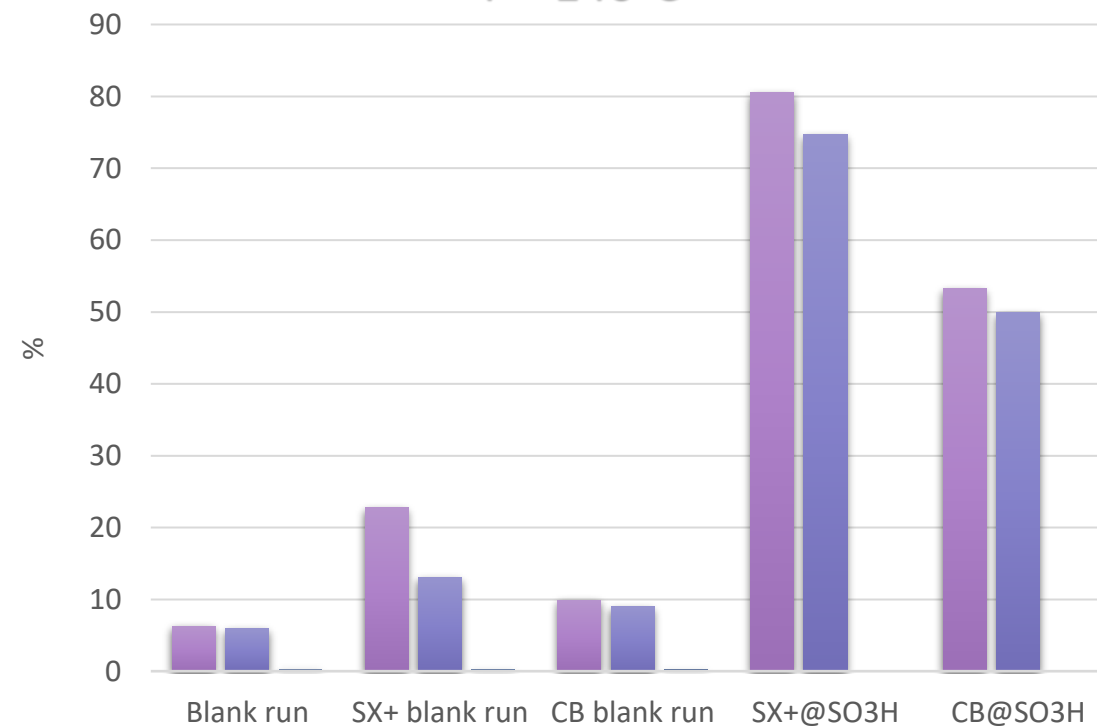


LEGEND: ■ Cellulose Conversion ■ Glucose Yield

T = 130°C



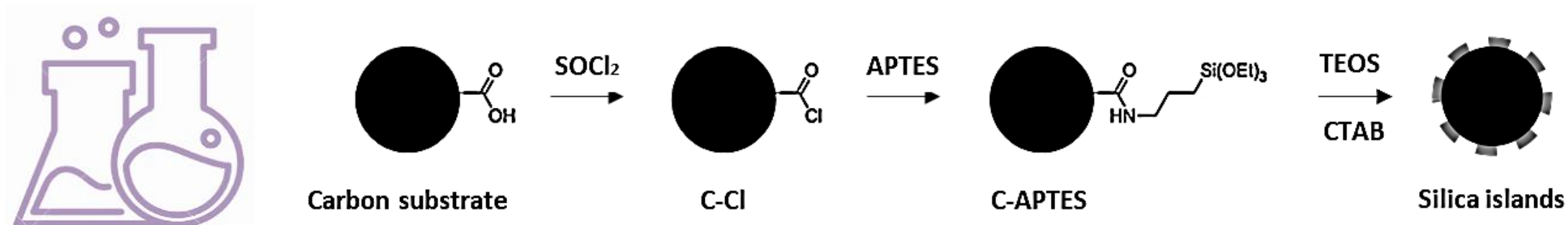
T = 140°C



Applied parameters: t = 4h solvent = H₂O (mQ) RPM = 1700 P(N₂) = 4.7 Bar Cellobiose : Catalyst = 2

TASK 2: Preparation of a discontinuous silica layer

Recipe optimization



Amounts based on the optimized ratios

Optimized molar ratio
(T. Haynes, Appl. Cat. B 2019, 241, 196)

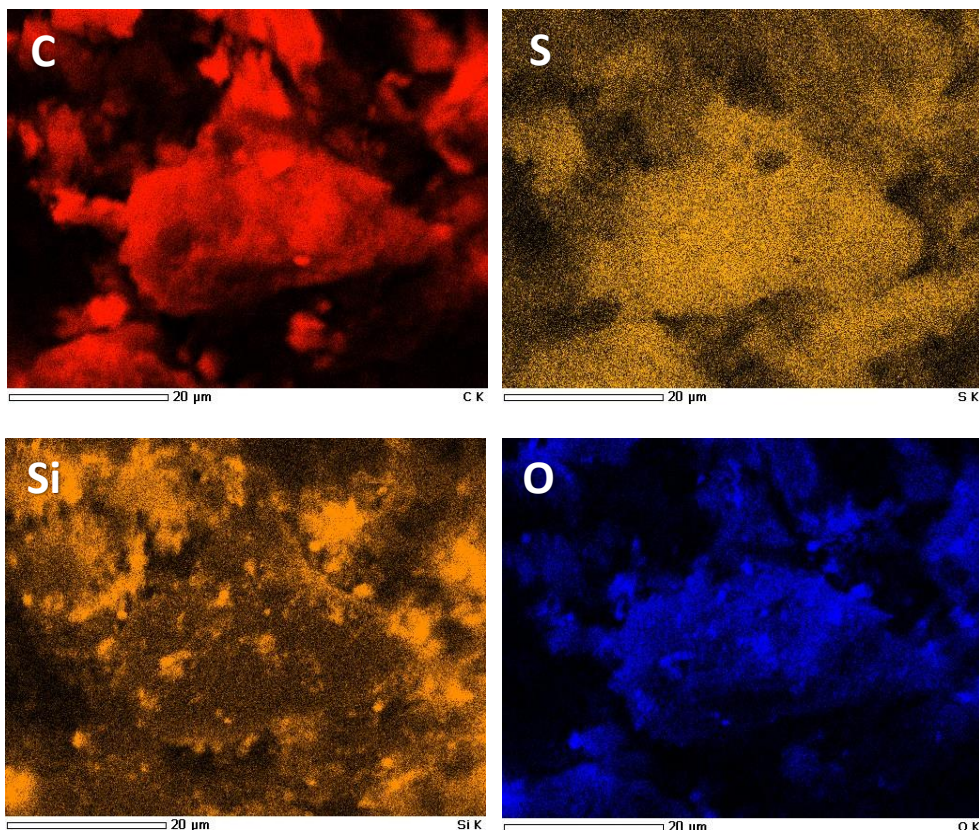
TEOS : CTAB	2
TEOS : APTES	0.7
TEOS : SOCl ₂	0.04

Entry	TEOS [mL]	SOCl ₂ [mL]	APTES [mL]	CTAB [g]
T0	0.5	4.2	0.71	0.4078
T1	0.4	3.4	0.57	0.3263
T2	0.3	2.6	0.42	0.2447
T3	0.2	1.7	0.29	0.1631
T4	0.1	0.86	0.14	0.0815

TASK 3: Preparation of a bifunctional system

Recipe optimization

Most promising result attained with T4 SX+@SO₃H



ENTRY	%S
(SX+) @SO ₃ H	2.5 2.96 3.13
T4 (SX+) @SO ₃ H	1.31 1.57 2.78
% as mass of element	

Local S% detected for T4 is comparable with what found for the sulfonated substrate

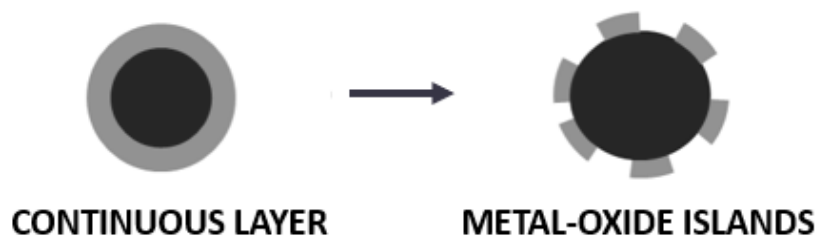


PROMISING FOR THE
CATALYTIC ACTIVITY

Average **S%** as mass of element = **1.89**

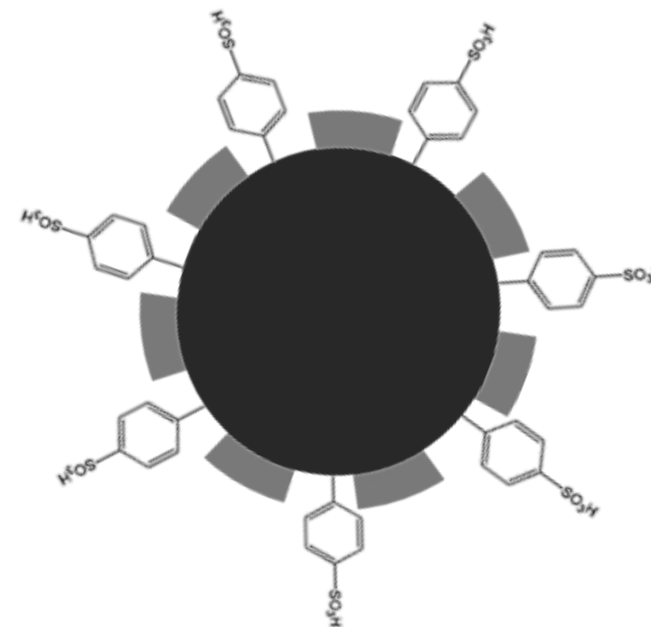
What has been done so far?

- ✓ A discontinuous silica layer has been produced.



Activity and stability of the attained system

- ✓ A bifunctional system has been synthesized.



What's next?

- Development of **active metal oxide islands**.
- Reverse the synthetic steps to achieve the bifunctional catalyst.

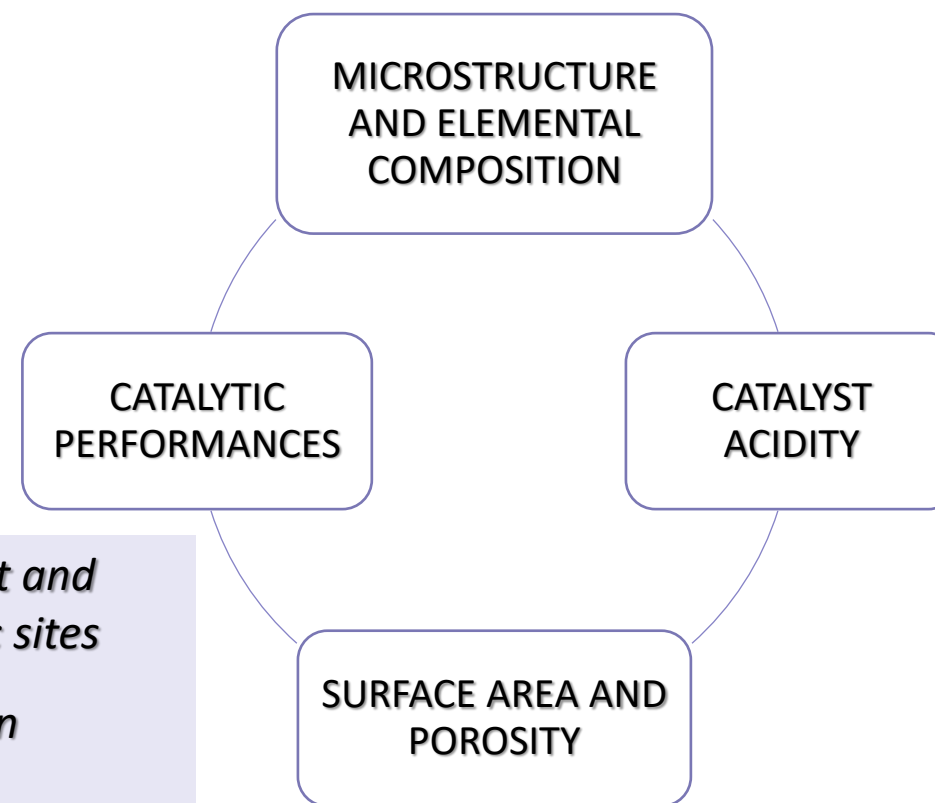


Retroactive Loop



- *Optimize the amount and accessibility of acidic sites*
- *Optimize the reaction conditions*

Structure-Activity relationships





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THANK YOU ALL FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION



KU LEUVEN

