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Downstaging and Ro resection of initially unresectable metastatic well-differentiated grade-3 pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor: a case report

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Abstract

Introduction: High-grade pancreatic neuroendocrine tumors are rare, and most of them are well differentiated. Management of this type of tumor is not yet well established.

Methods: A 28-year-old woman was referred to our hospital for a well-differentiated grade-3 pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor with multiple liver metastases. The patient received neoadjuvant therapy consisting of combination of Capecitabine/Temozolomide chemotherapy and somatostatin analogue.

Results: An excellent regression was observed on both pancreatic and hepatic lesions, and therefore, an aggressive surgical management could be performed with a two-step scheme. Adjuvant hormone-chemotherapy was administered between the two surgeries. The patient achieved six years of disease-free survival following the last therapy.

Discussion and conclusion: We highlight the difference between well and poorly differentiated high-grade neuroendocrine neoplasia and report that aggressive surgery is a valid option even in metastatic presentation at diagnosis.

Keywords: Well-differentiated neuroendocrine neoplasia; capecitabine/temozolomide chemotherapy; case report; metastatic grade-3 pancreatic NET; recurrence-free survival; surgery.

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