

Mixed microbial chain elongation based on organic feedstock, H₂ and CO₂

Grégoire Henry

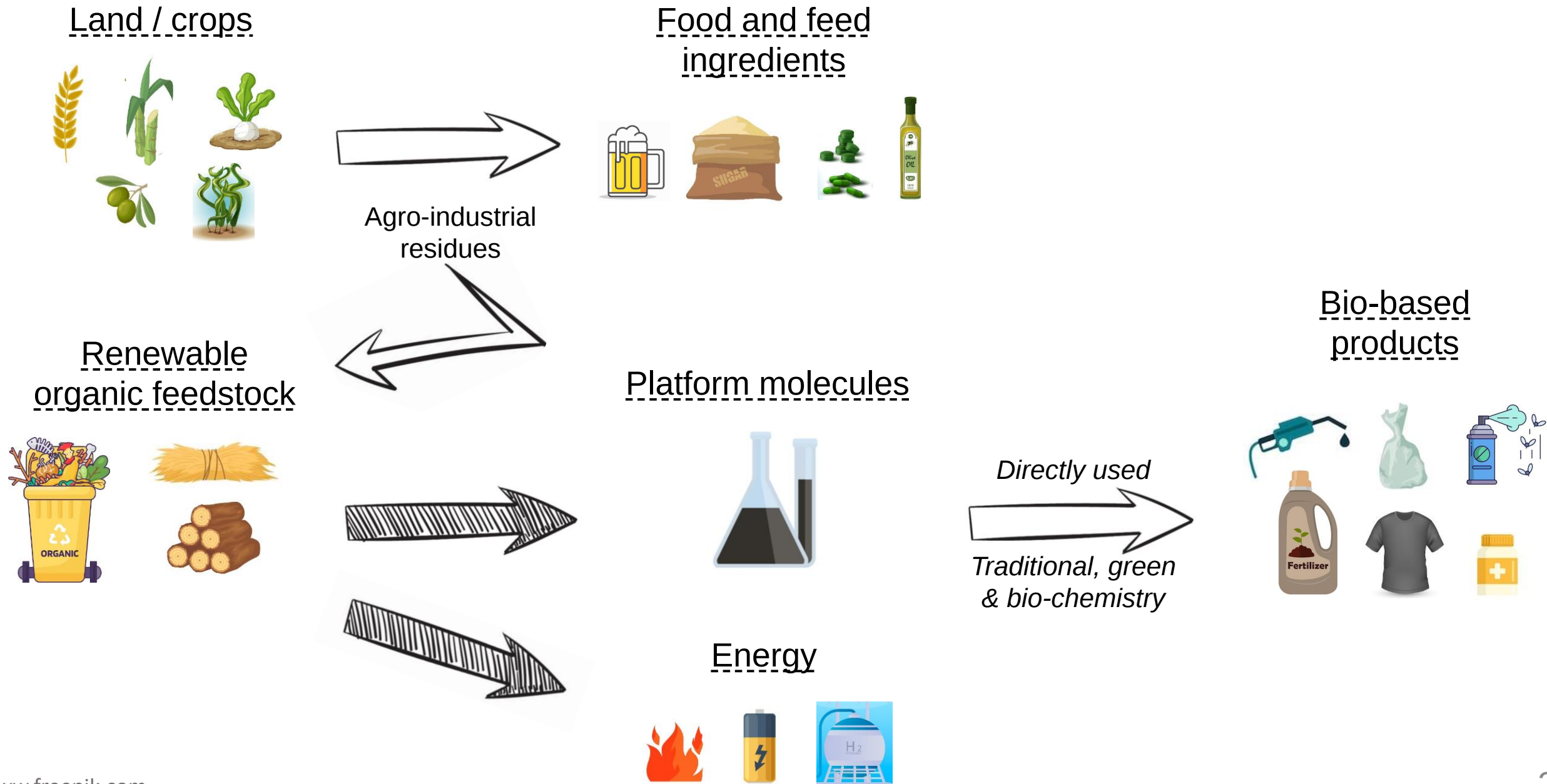
PhD. Student

UCLouvain – ELIM – Bioengineering and biorefining laboratory

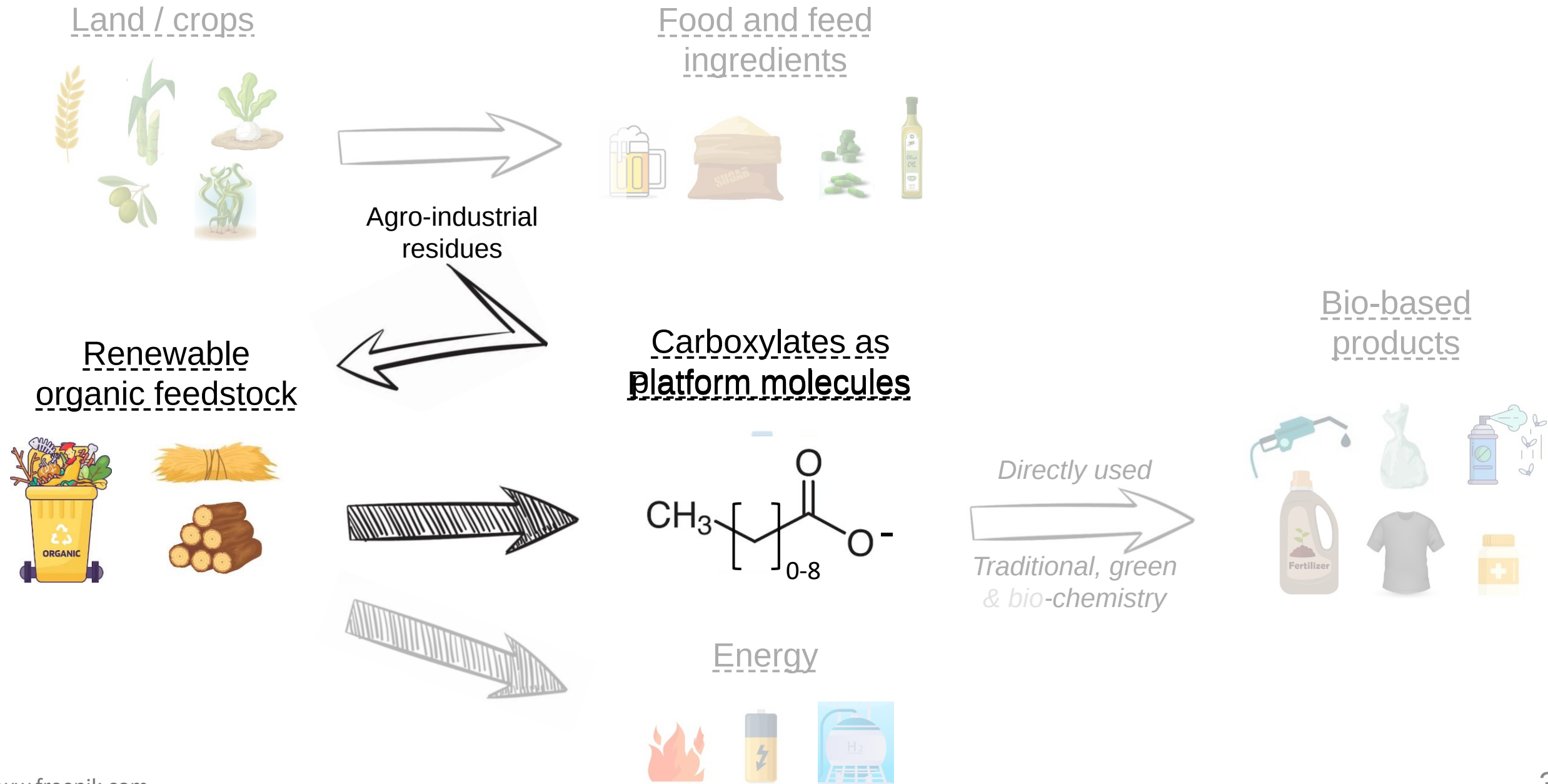
Pr. Patrick Gerin

Pr. Benoit Stenuit

Context: The biorefinery concept



Context: The biorefinery concept

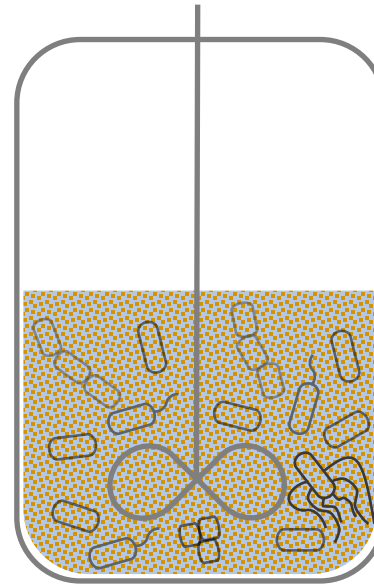
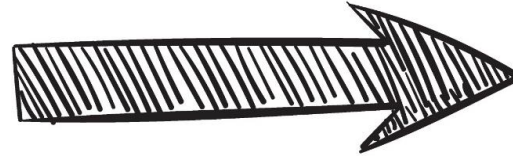


Context: Brewer's spent grain acidogenic fermentation

Brewer's spent grain
(BSG)

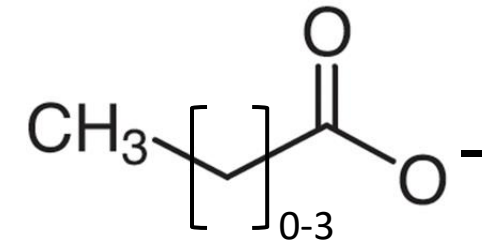


Acidogenic fermentation



Microbial community

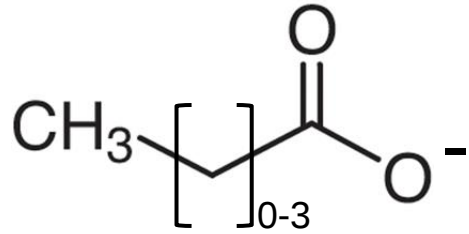
Short-chain carboxylates
(SCC)



Acetate
Propionate
Butyrate
Pentanoate

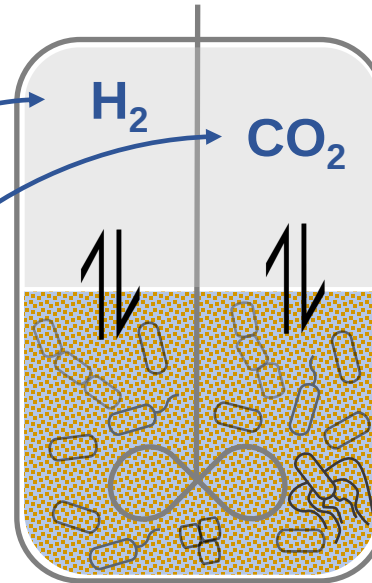
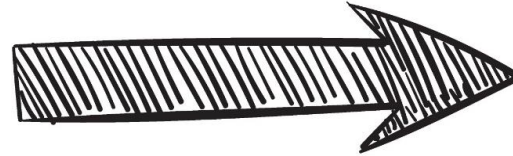
Context: Chain elongation

Short- chain carboxylates

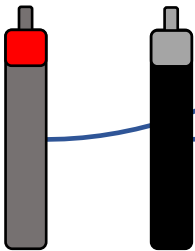


Acetate
Propionate
Butanoate
Pentanoate

Microbial chain elongation

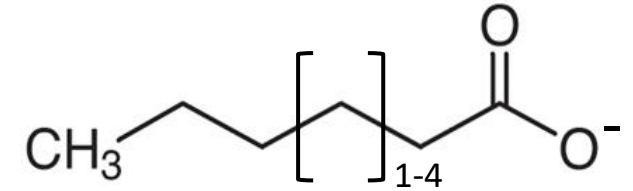


Exogeneous supply of
 H_2 & CO_2
in the headspace



Specific physicochemical conditions
triggered chain elongation pathways

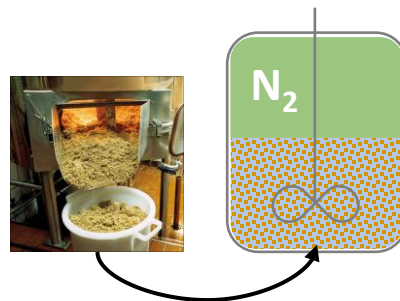
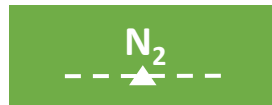
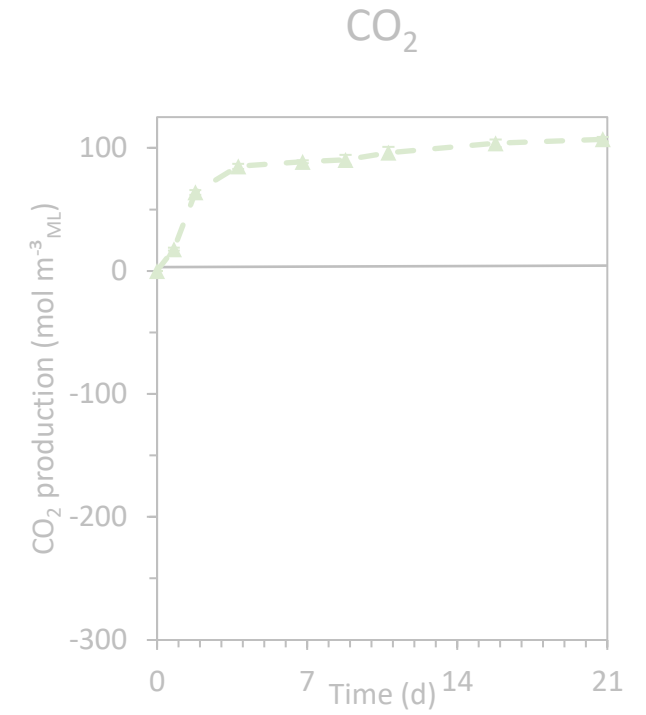
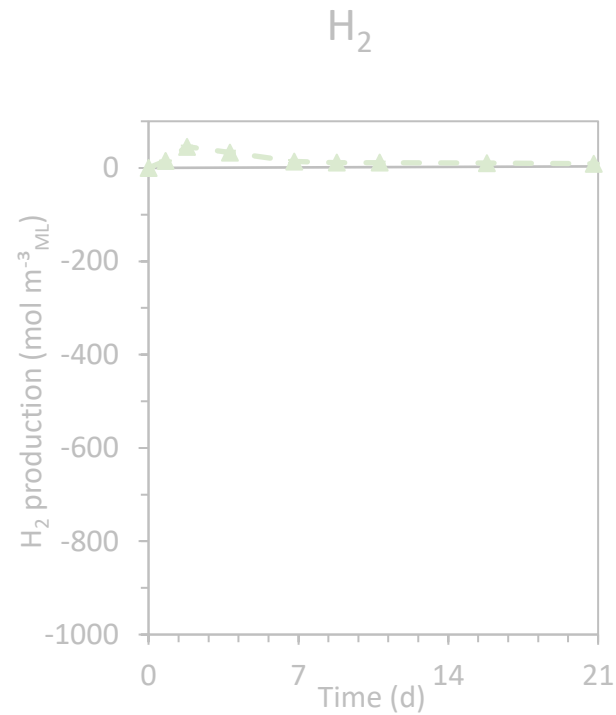
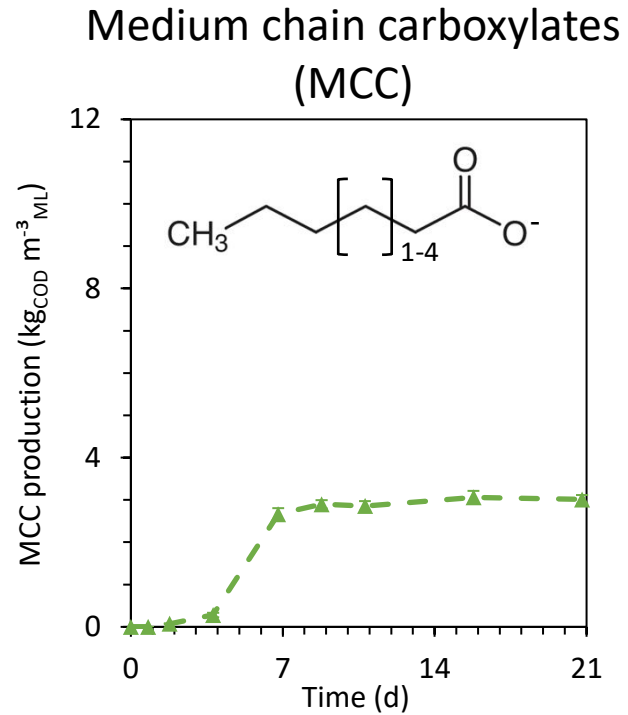
Medium- chain carboxylates (MCC)



Hexanoate
Heptanoate
Octanoate
Nonanoate
Decanoate

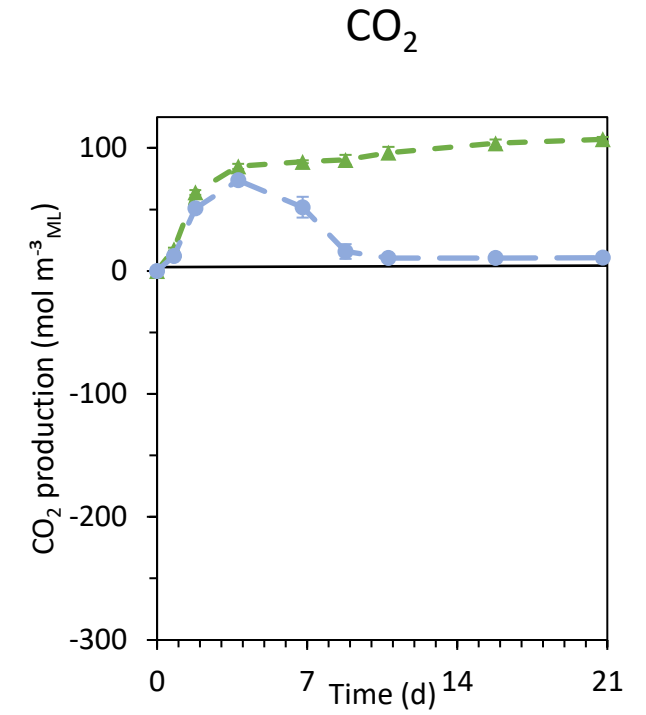
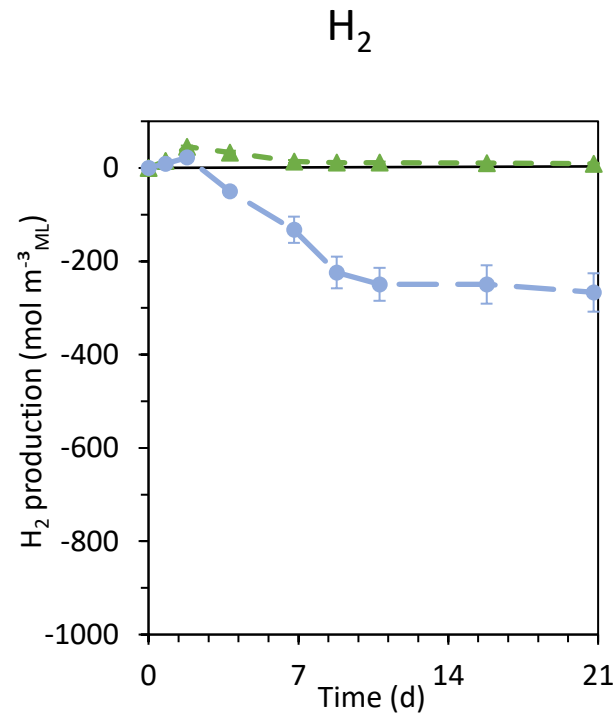
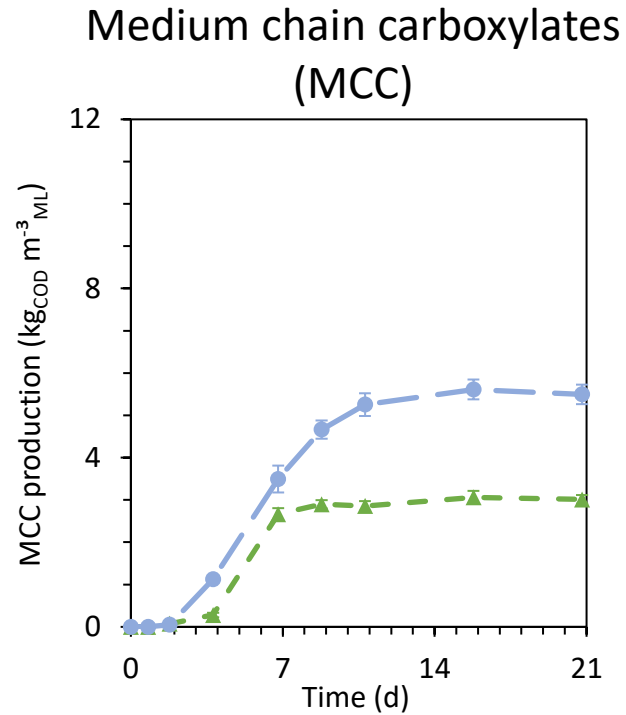
Easier to extract
Higher energy density
Higher market value

Context: Brewer's spent grain → MCC



Reference
conditton

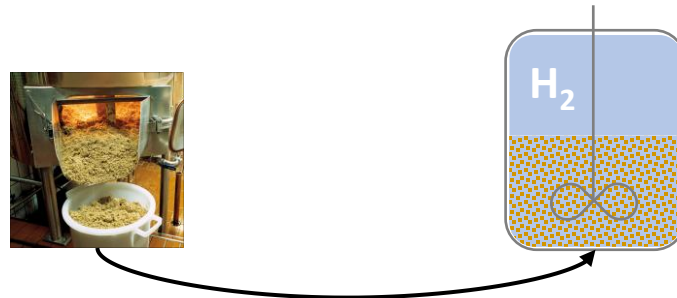
Context: Brewer's spent grain & H₂ → MCC



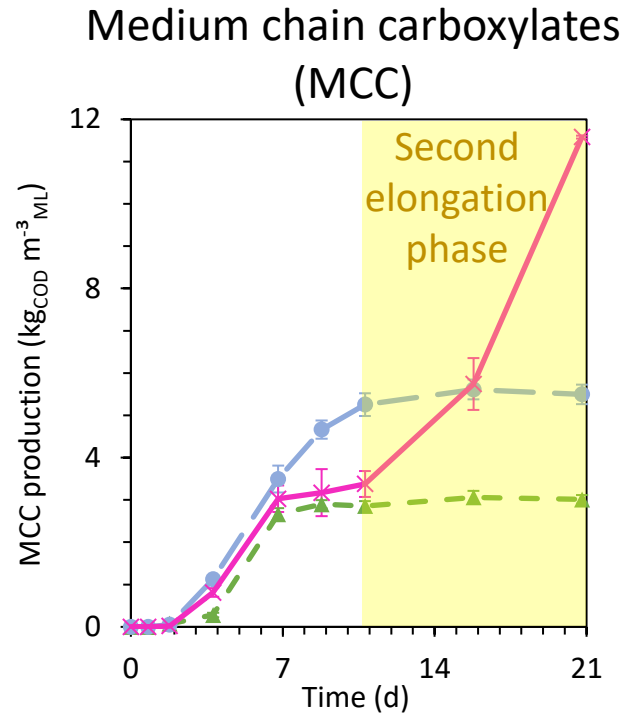
**MCC production
increased by factor 2**



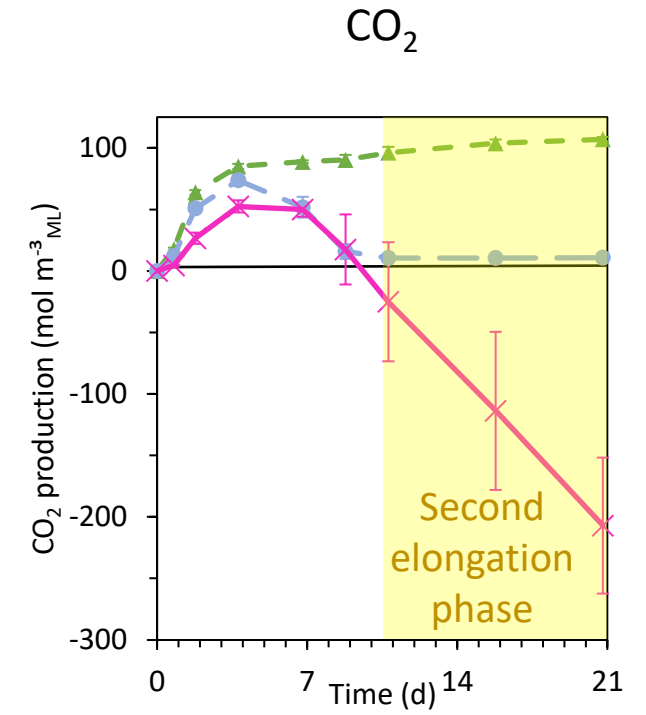
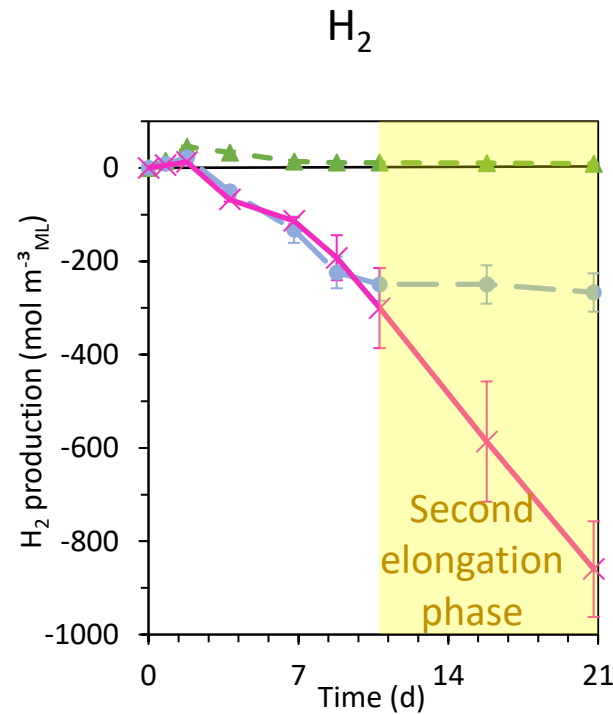
**H₂ consumption stopped
when acidogenic CO₂ is exhausted**



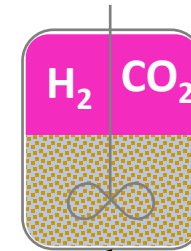
Context: Brewer's spent grain, H_2 & CO_2 $\rightarrow$ MCC



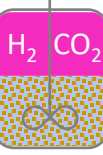
**MCC production
increased by factor 4**



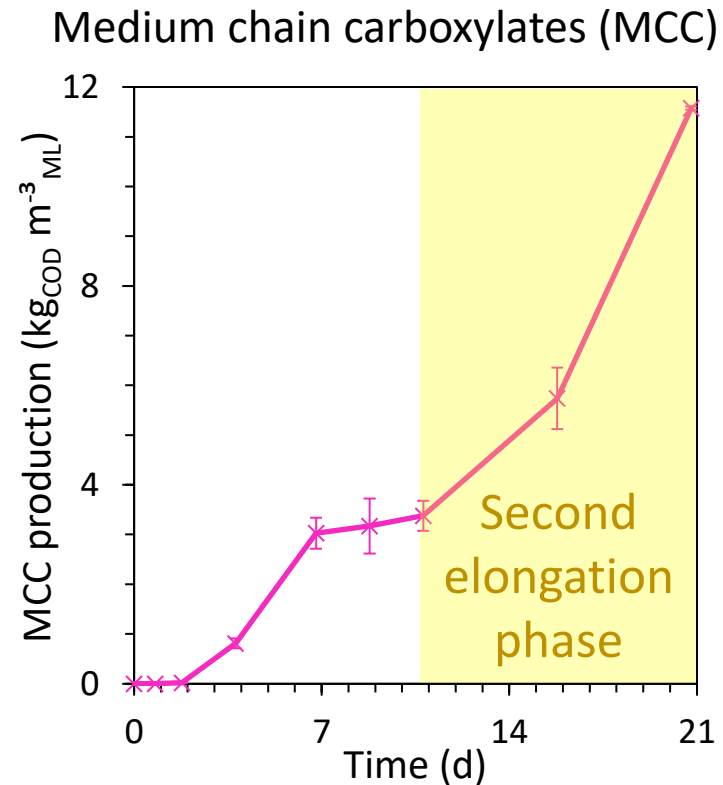
**Supplied H_2 and CO_2
simultaneously consumed**



Objective of the study

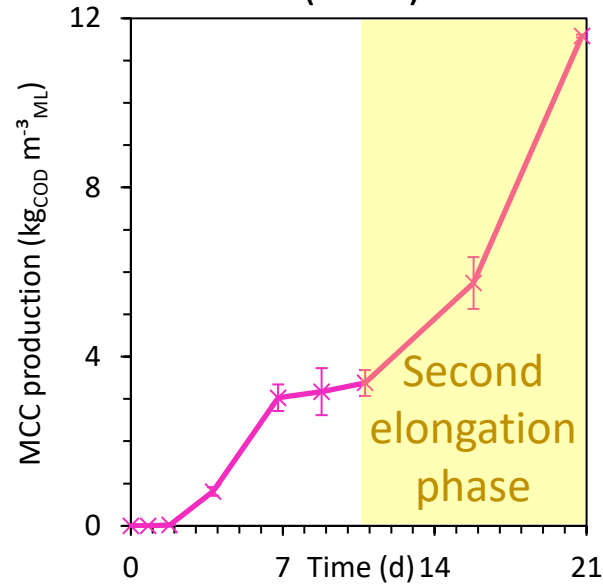


Identifying the chain elongation pathway
used by microorganisms
during this second elongation phase

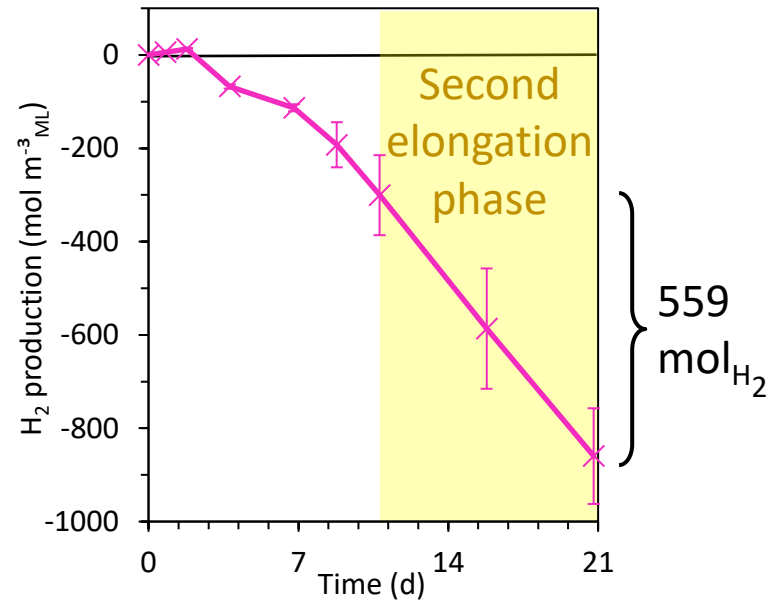


Second elongation phase is H₂ and CO₂ dependent

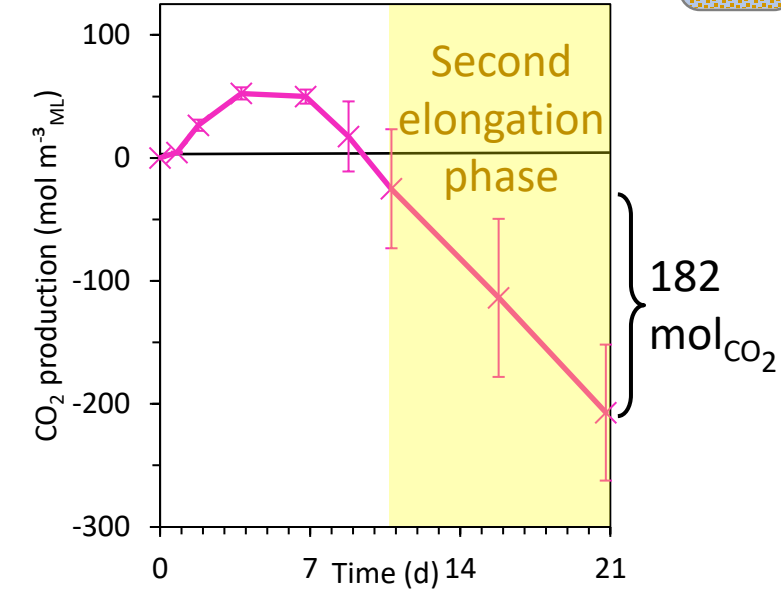
Medium Chain Carboxylates
(MCC)



H₂

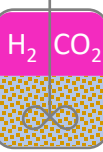


CO₂

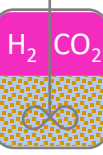


Experimentally measured H₂ / CO₂ consumption molar ratio:

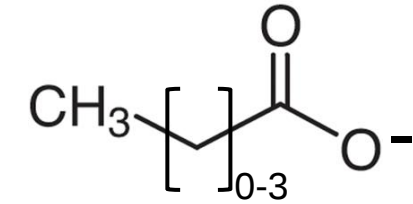
$$R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2\text{-experiment}} = (559 \text{ mol}_{\text{H}_2} / 182 \text{ mol}_{\text{CO}_2}) = \mathbf{3.07} [\text{mol}_{\text{H}_2} / \text{mol}_{\text{CO}_2}]$$



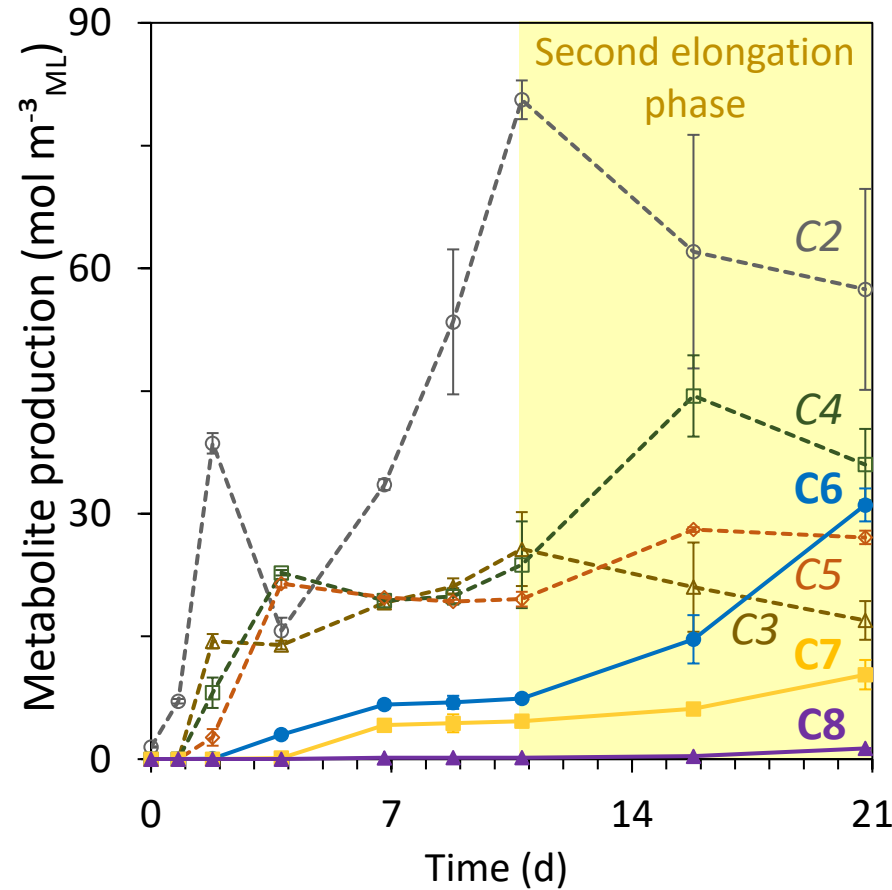
Short- chain carboxylates are consumed during the second elongation phase



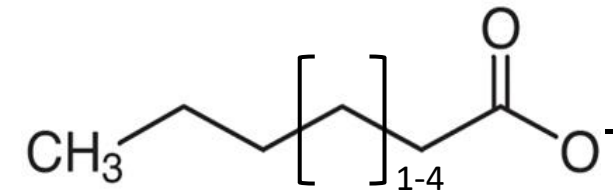
SCC: short-chain carboxylates



(*acetate*, *propionate*, *butanoate* and *pentanoate*)
are consumed

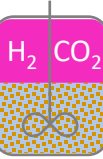


MCC : Medium- chain carboxylates



(*hexanoate*, *heptanoate* and *octanoate*)
are produced

$R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2}$ as link between experimental and stoichiometry

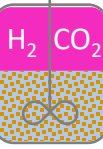


Second elongation:

- Occurs only with a supply of H_2 AND CO_2
- H_2 & CO_2 simultaneously consumed
- Short- chain carboxylates consumption

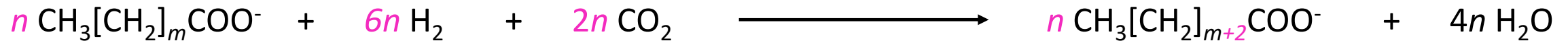


$R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2}$ as link between experimental and stoichiometry



Second elongation:

- Occurs only with a supply of H_2 AND CO_2
- H_2 & CO_2 simultaneously consumed
- Short- chain carboxylates consumption



*Short- chain
carboxylates*
 $m \geq 0$

**Elongated
carboxylates**
 $m + 2$

Stoichiometric H_2 / CO_2 consumption ratio

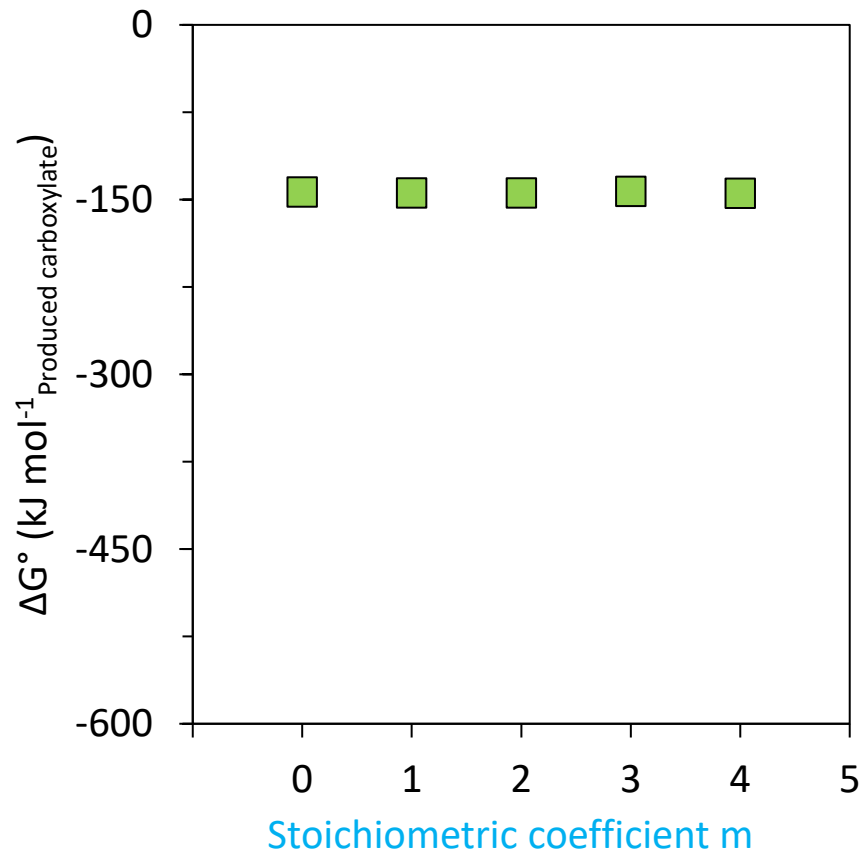
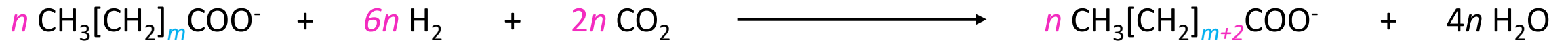
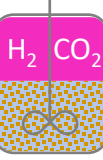
$$R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2\text{-Stoichiometry}} = 6n / 2n = 3$$

$\approx$

Experimental H_2 / CO_2 consumption ratio

$$R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2\text{-experiment}} = 3.07 [\text{mol}_{\text{H}_2} / \text{mol}_{\text{CO}_2}]$$

Is this chain elongation pathway thermodynamically valid ?



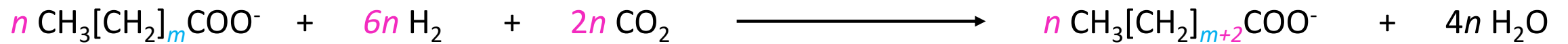
The standard Gibbs free energy of change FAVORABLE

$$\Delta G^\circ = -143.9 \pm 0.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

Independent of the stoichiometric coefficient m

To conclude

Chain elongation pathway used by microorganisms based on
carboxylates, H₂ and CO₂ consumption



Experimentally measured: $R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2\text{-experiment}} = 3.07 \text{ [mol}_{\text{H}_2} / \text{mol}_{\text{CO}_2}]$

Stoichiometrically confirmed: $R_{\text{H}_2/\text{CO}_2\text{-Stoichiometry}} = 6n / 2n = 3$

Thermodynamically validated: $\Delta G^\circ = -143.9 \pm 0.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

Thank you for your attention

Acknowledgments to the GEBI & MOCA teams

Bioengineering and biorefining laboratory & Mineral and organic chemical analysis



Pr. Patrick
Gerin



Pr. Benoit
Stenuit



Dr. Lukas
Braem



Michael
Longin



Dr. Florent
Awedem
Wobiwo



Arnaud
Isenborghs



Tanguy
Depiesse



Thomas
Nicolay



Hélène
Dailly



Matthieu
Leclercq

The Bertinchamps craft brewery in Gembloux is gratefully acknowledged for providing brewer's spent grain.



Publication

[Henry *et al.*, 2023]

Grégoire B.L. Henry* , Florent Awedem Wobiwo, Arnaud Isenborghs, Thomas Nicolay, Bruno Godin, Benoit A Stenuit and Patrick A. Gerin* (2023). A specific H₂/CO₂ consumption molar ratio of 3 as a signature for the chain elongation of carboxylates from brewer's spent grain acidogenesis. *Front. Bioeng. Biotechnol.* 9, 650631. doi: 10.3389/fbioe.2023.1165197



Microbial chain elongation based on organic feedstock, H₂ and CO₂

Grégoire B.L. Henry – Bioengineering and biorefining lab (ELIM - GEBI)

Complex organic feedstock valorization

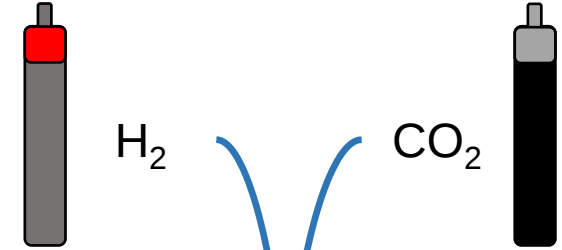


Brewer's
spent
grain

Acidogenic fermentation

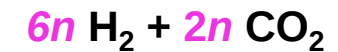


Inorganic feedstock Supplementation

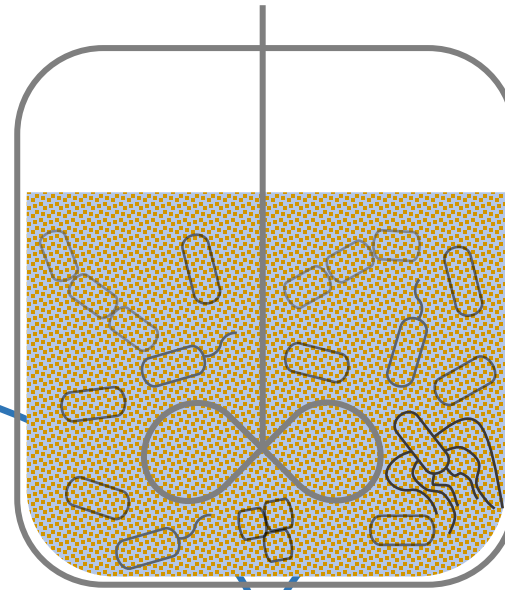


H₂

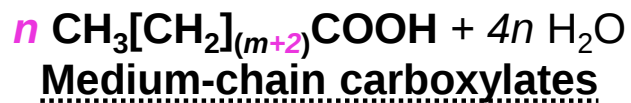
CO₂



*Mixotrophic microbial
community*



**Short- & Medium-
chain carboxylates**
as platform molecules
for industrial production of
biofuels, bioplastics, biopesticides,
medicines

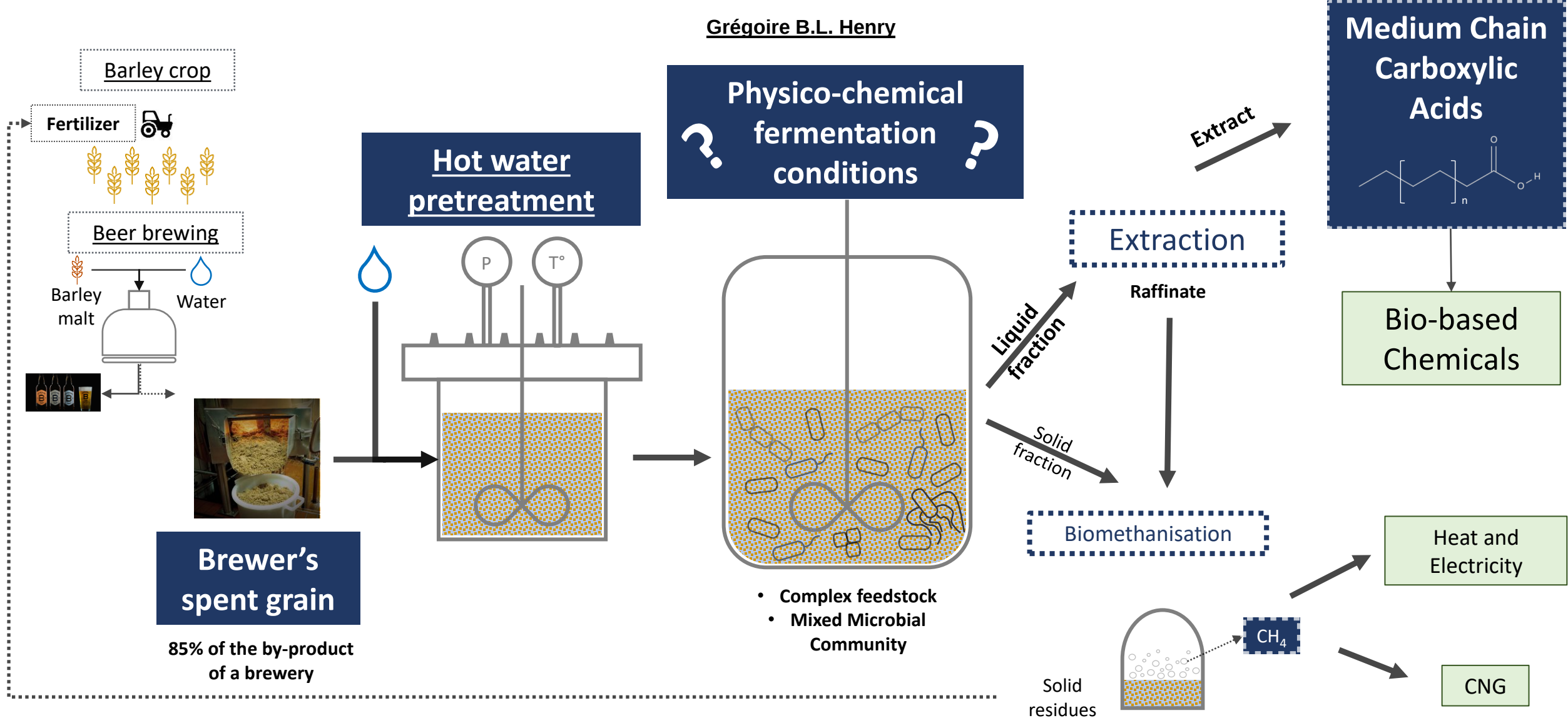


Take home message
Chain elongation pathway based on
a consumed H₂/CO₂ molar ratio of 3
experimentally measured,
stoichiometrically &
thermodynamically validated

From Belgian agro-industrial residues to bio-based chemicals;

Brewery residues -> Medium Chain Carboxylic Acids (C6 - C8)

Grégoire B.L. Henry



Context : the biorefinery concept

Fossil
resources



Refinery process



Platform
molecules



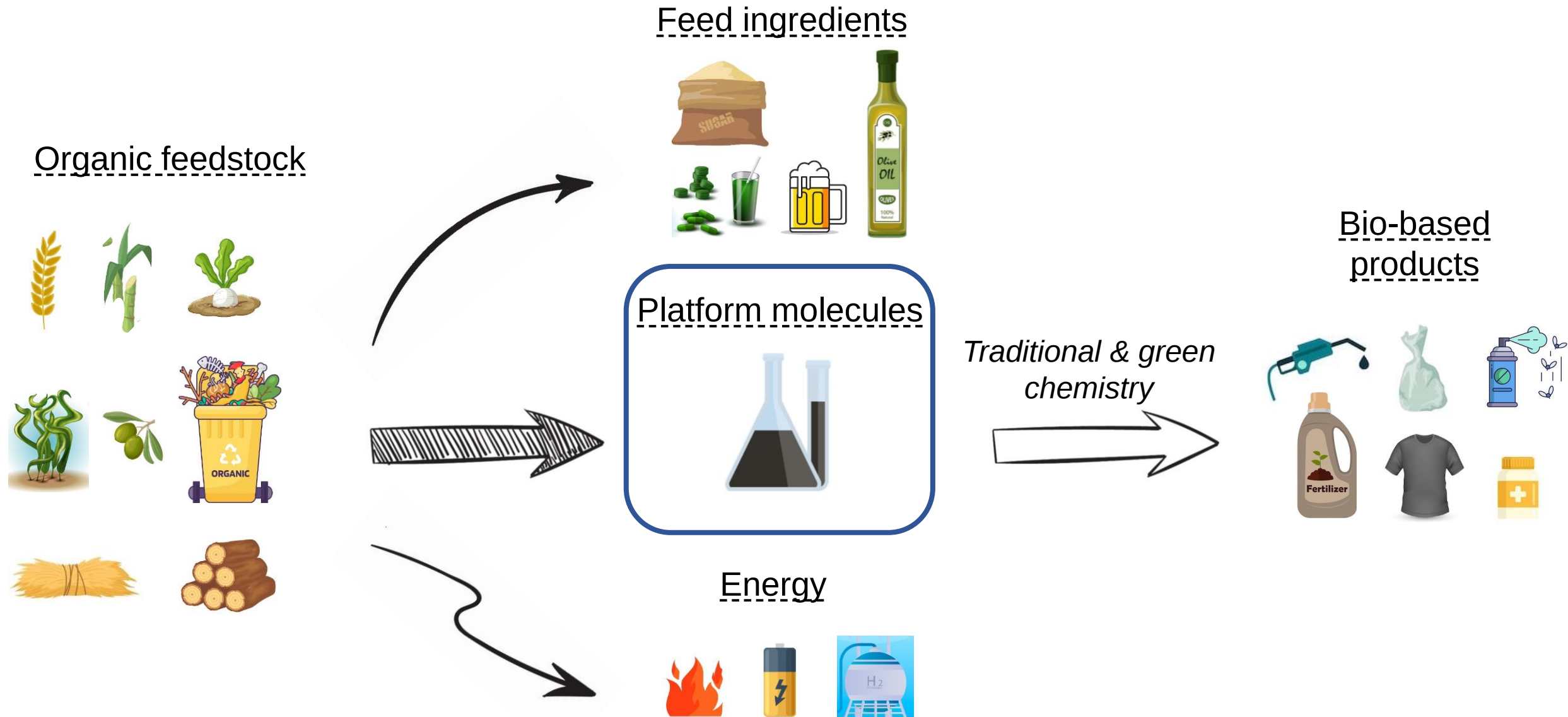
Traditional chemistry



Petro-based
products



Context : the biorefinery concept



Context : the biorefinery concept

Organic
feedstock



Biorefinery processes



Platform
molecules



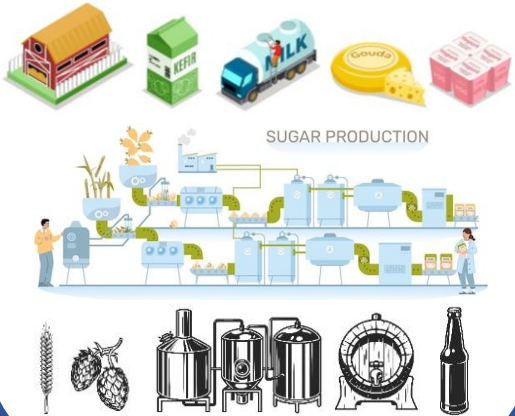
Traditional & green
chemistry



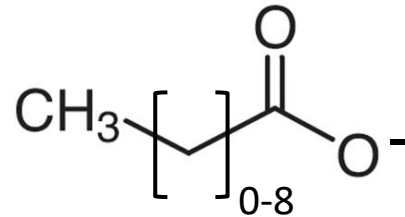
Bio-based
products



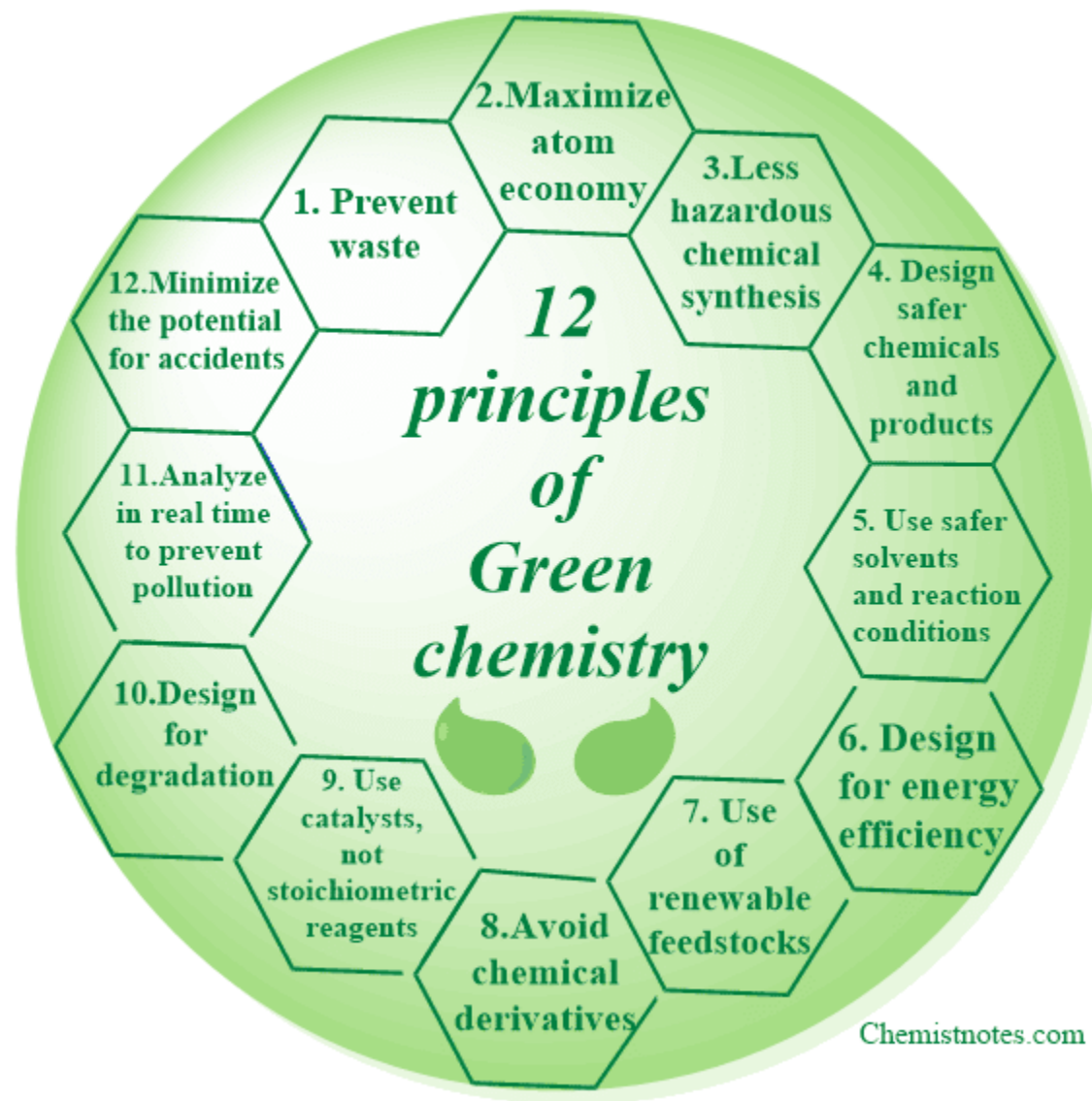
Agro-industrial
residues



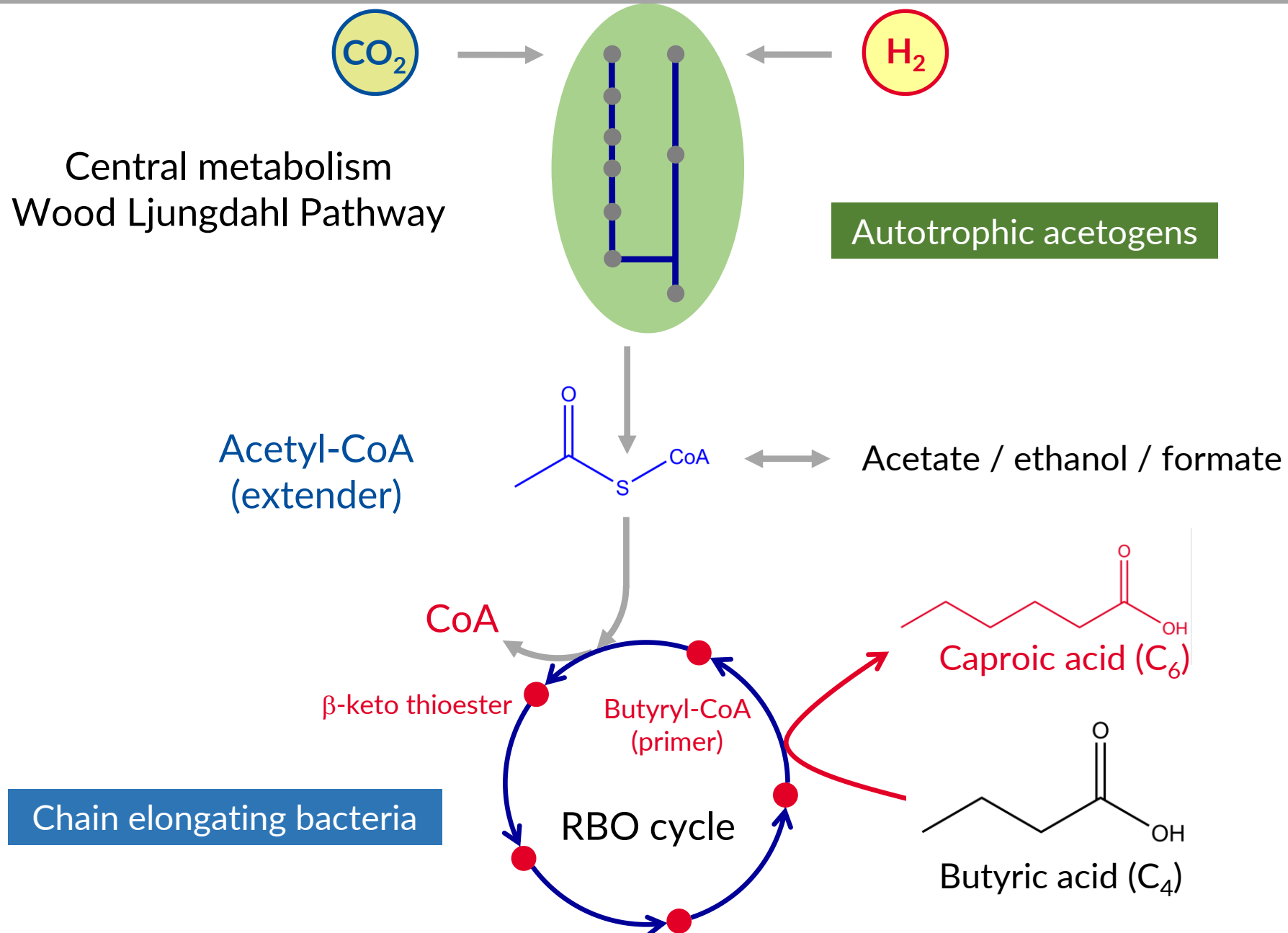
The carboxylate
platform



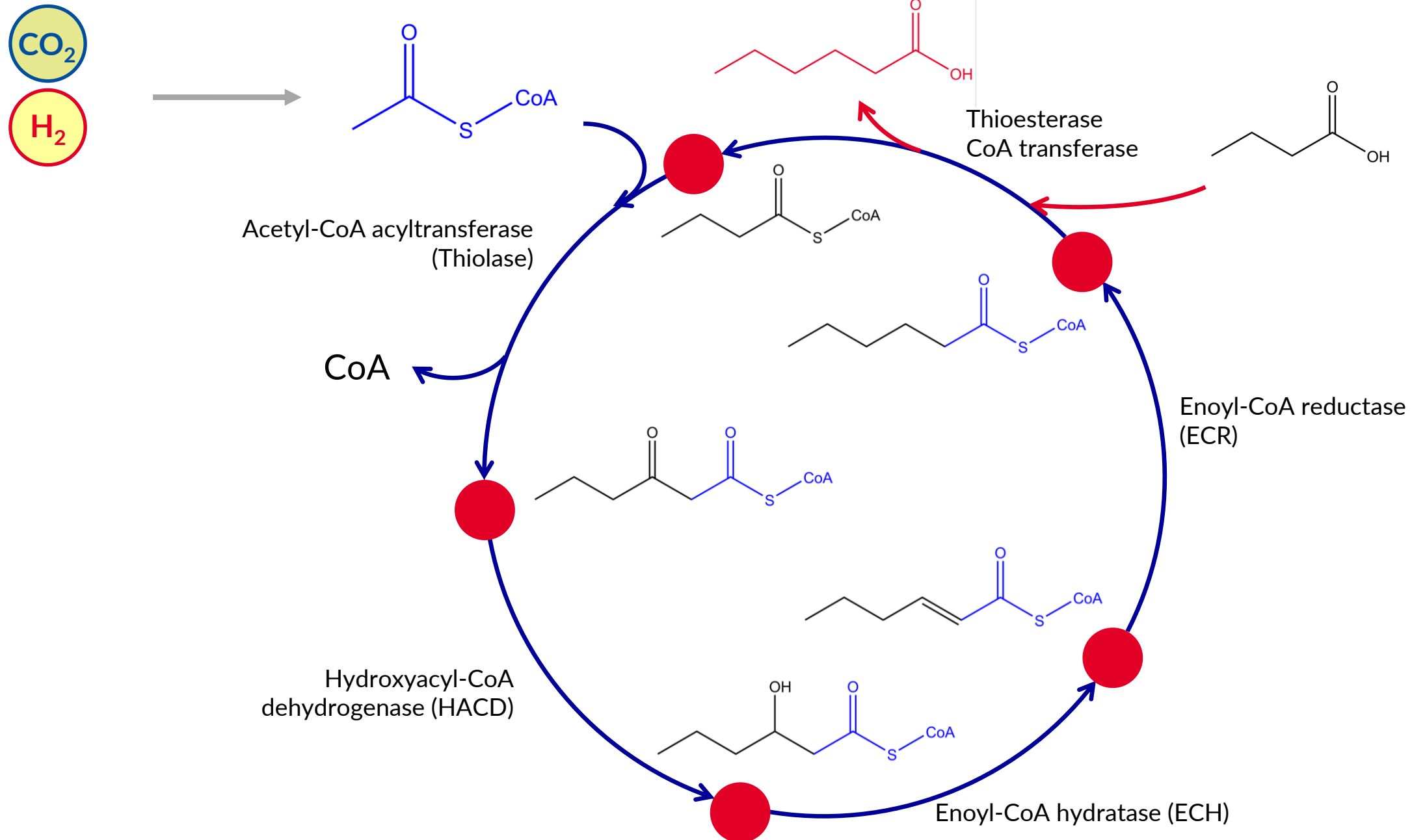
The 12 principles of green chemistry



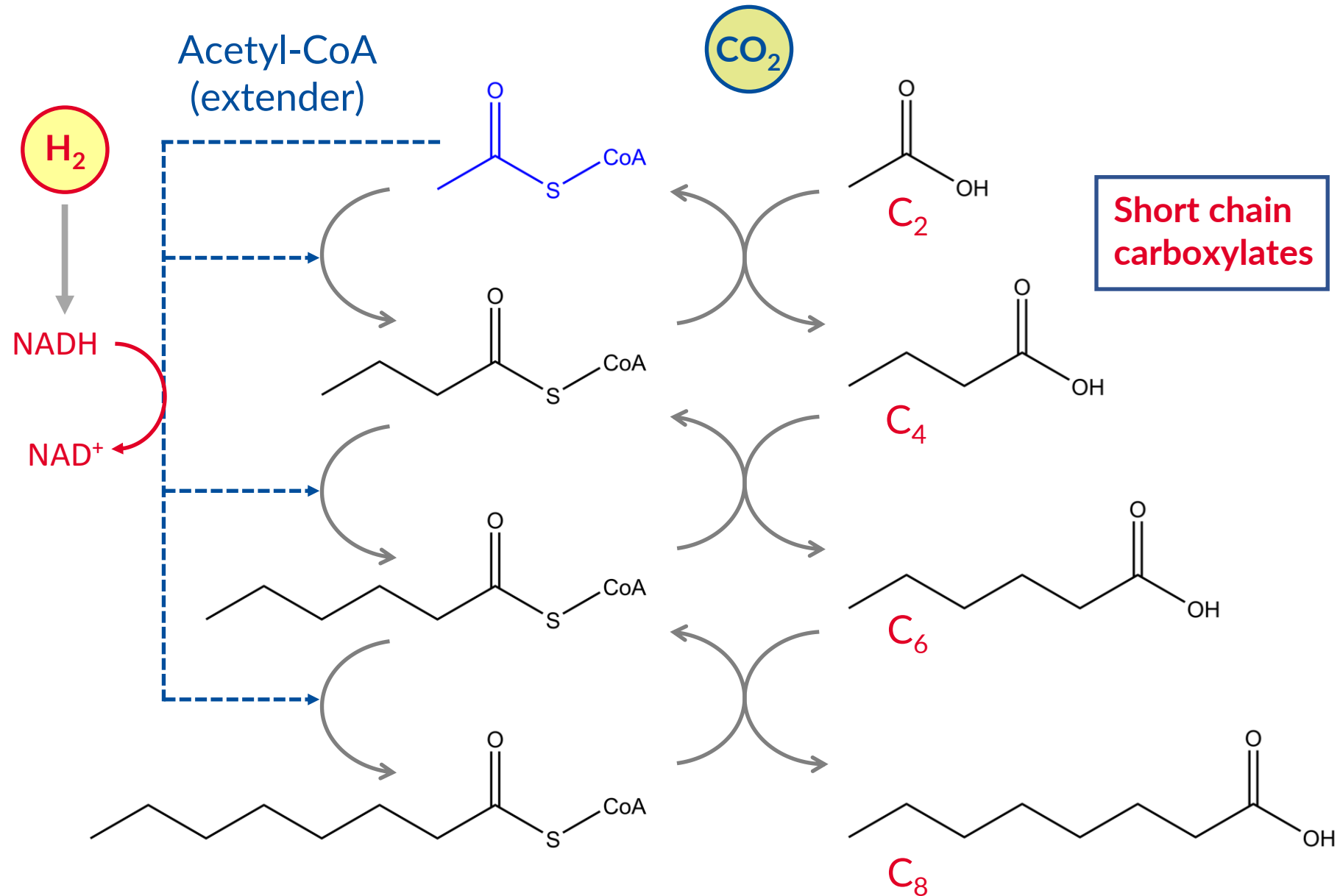
Chain elongation based on carboxylates, H_2 and CO_2



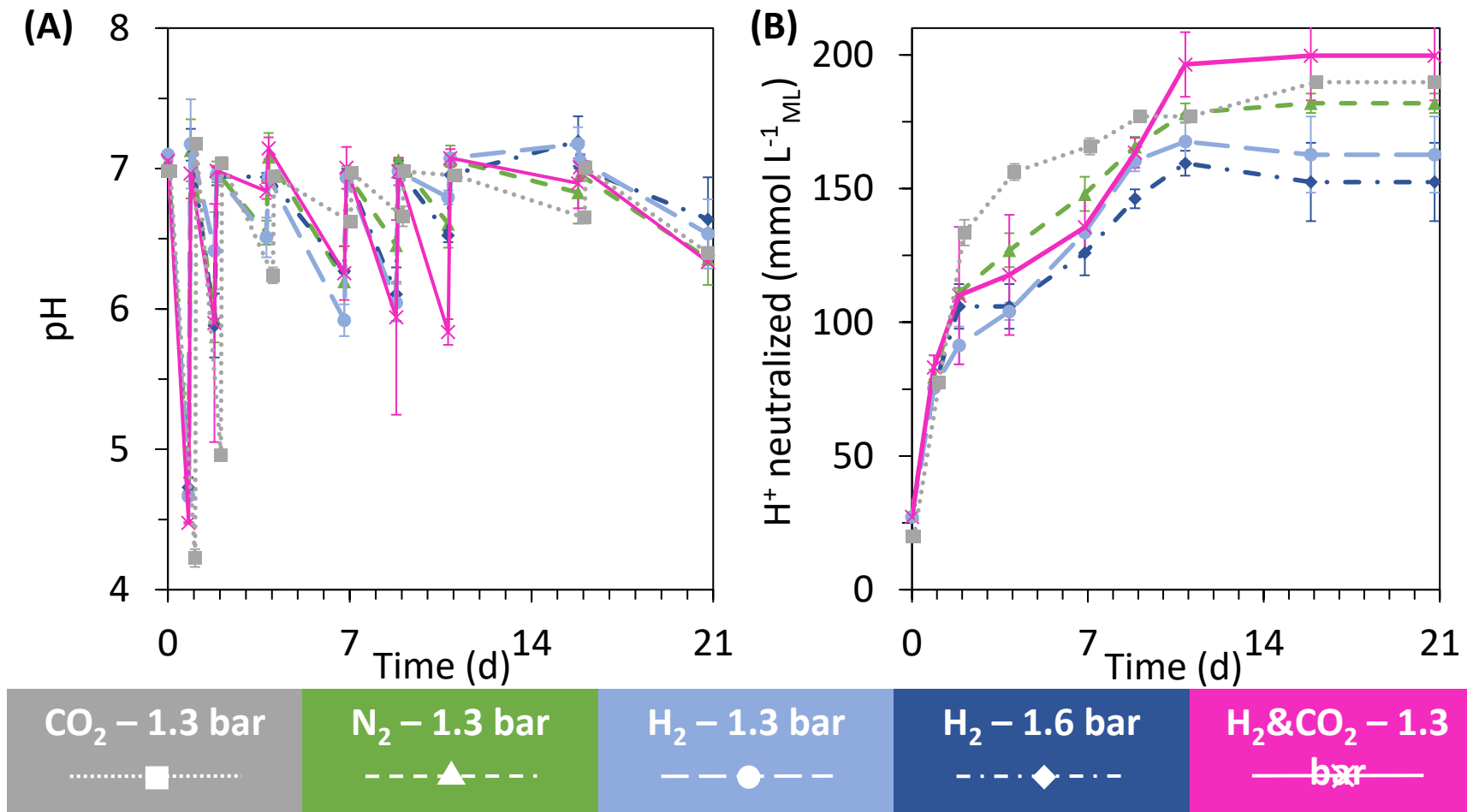
Chain elongation based on carboxylates, H_2 and CO_2



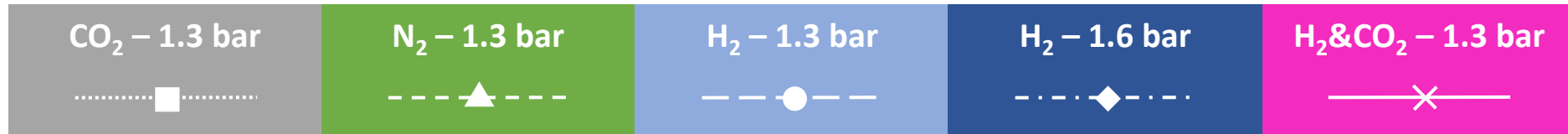
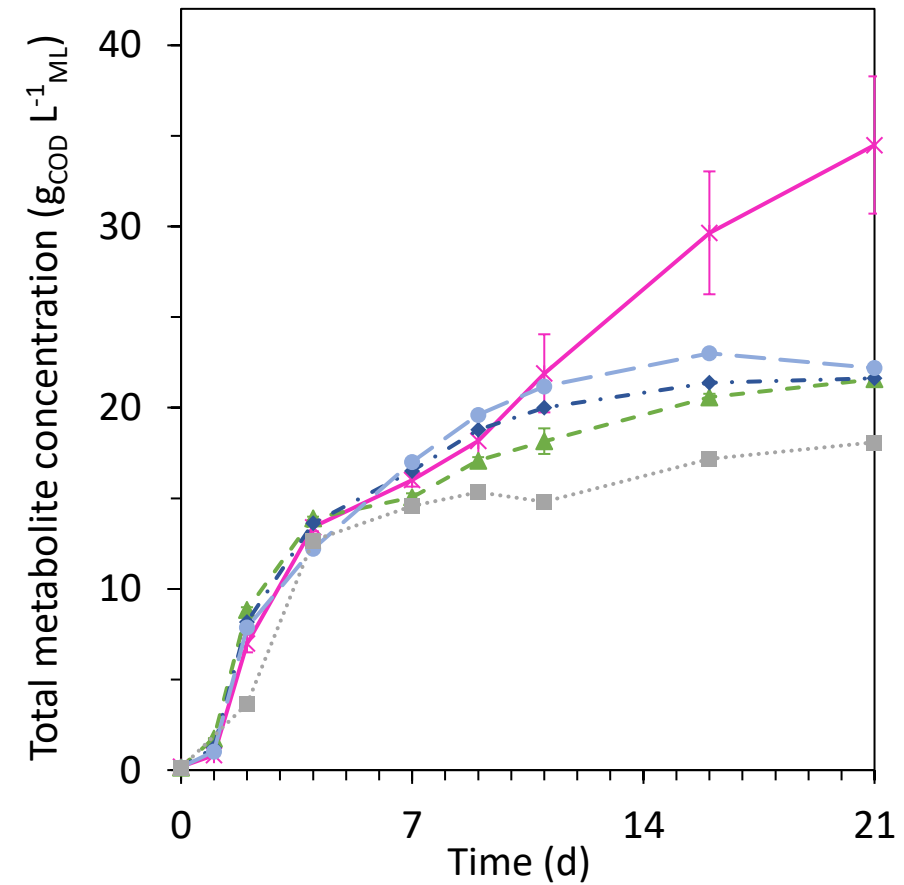
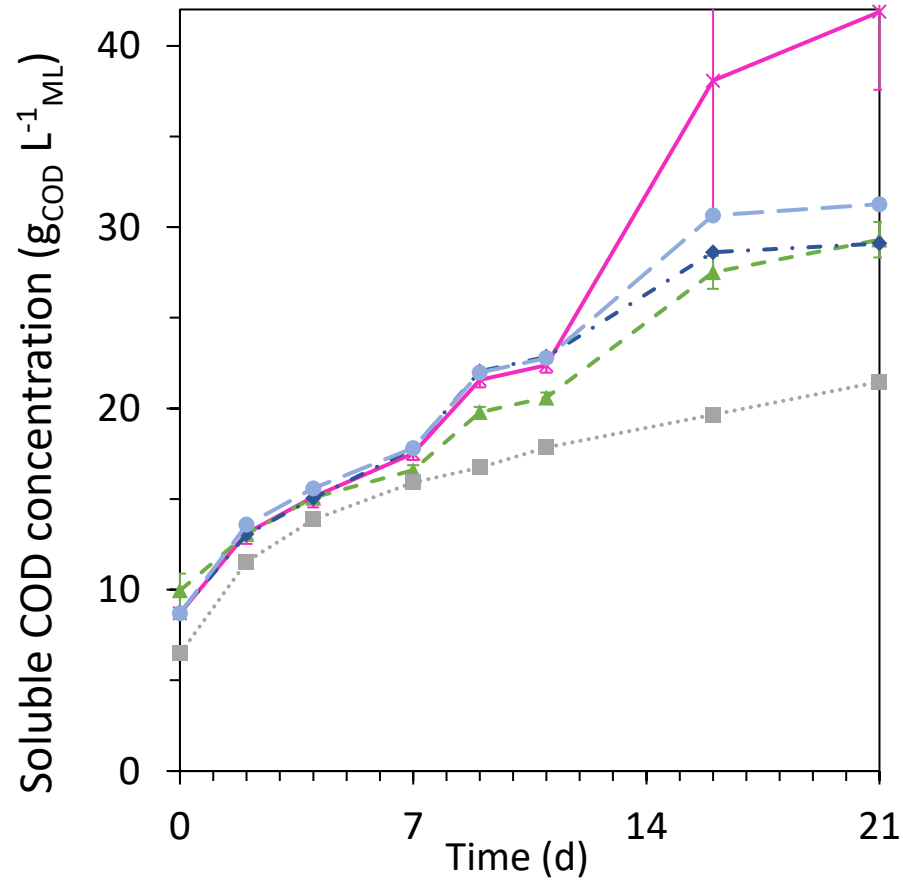
Chain elongation based on carboxylates, H_2 and CO_2



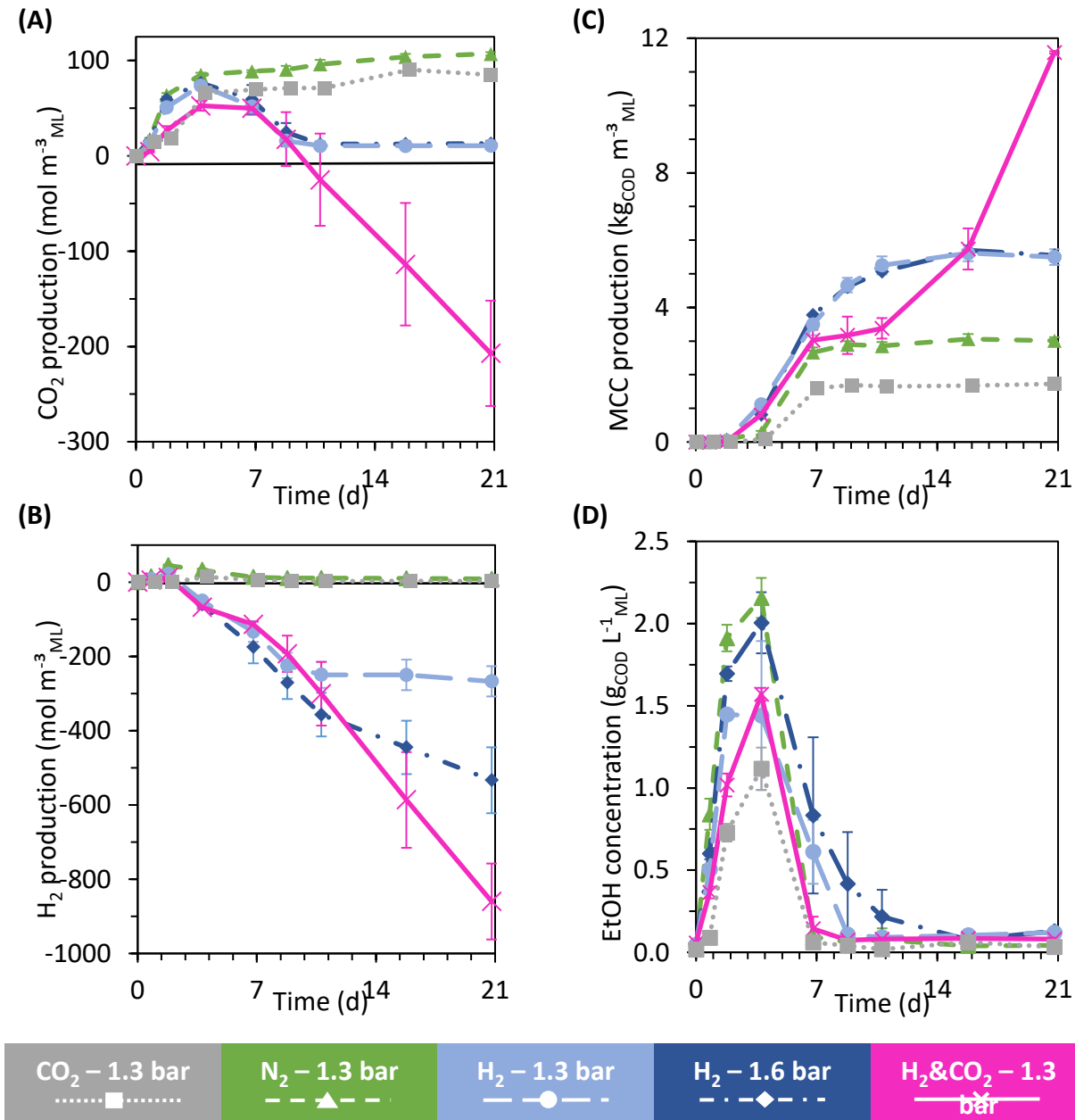
pH evolution during fermentation



Soluble COD and total metabolites concentration



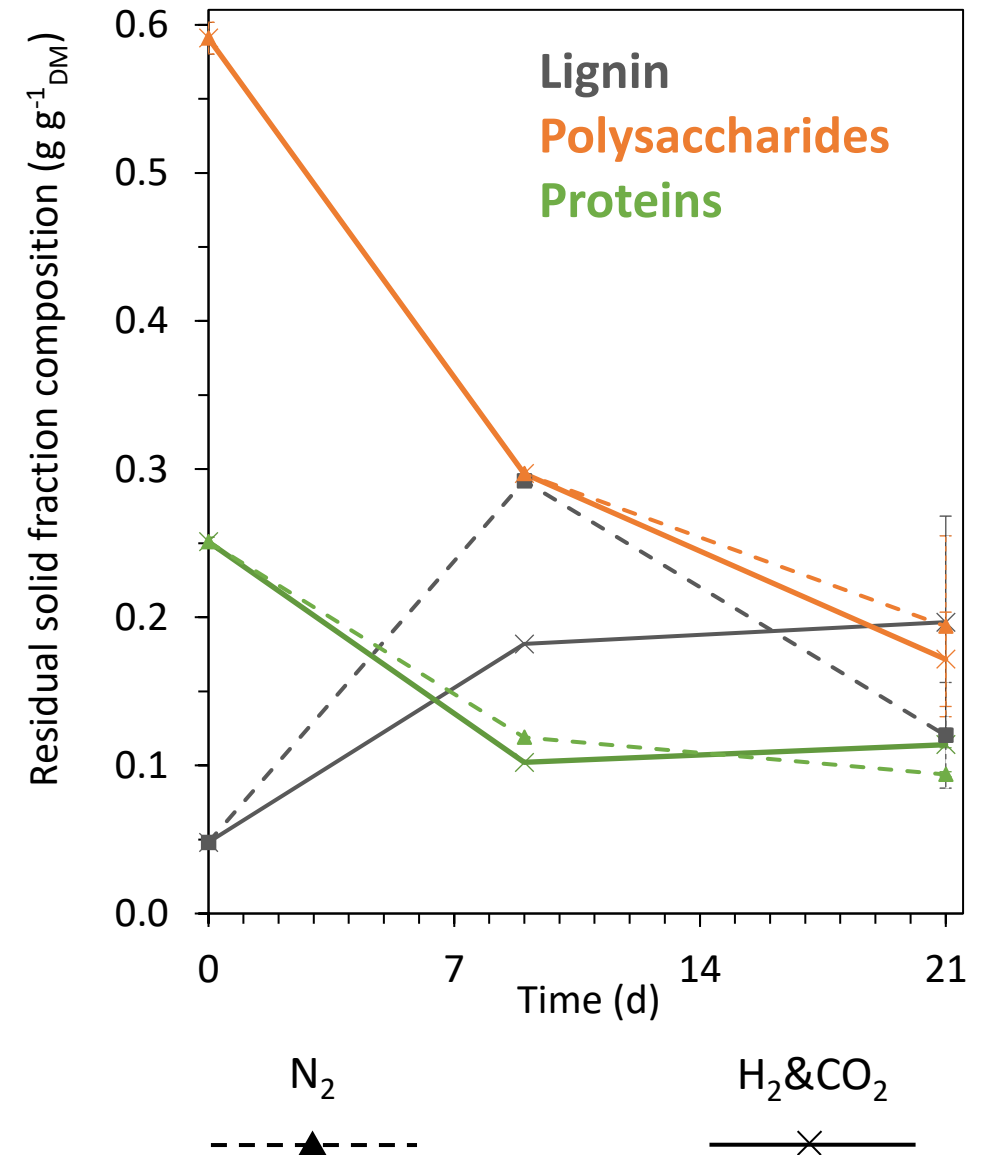
CO₂, H₂, MCC production and ethanol concentration



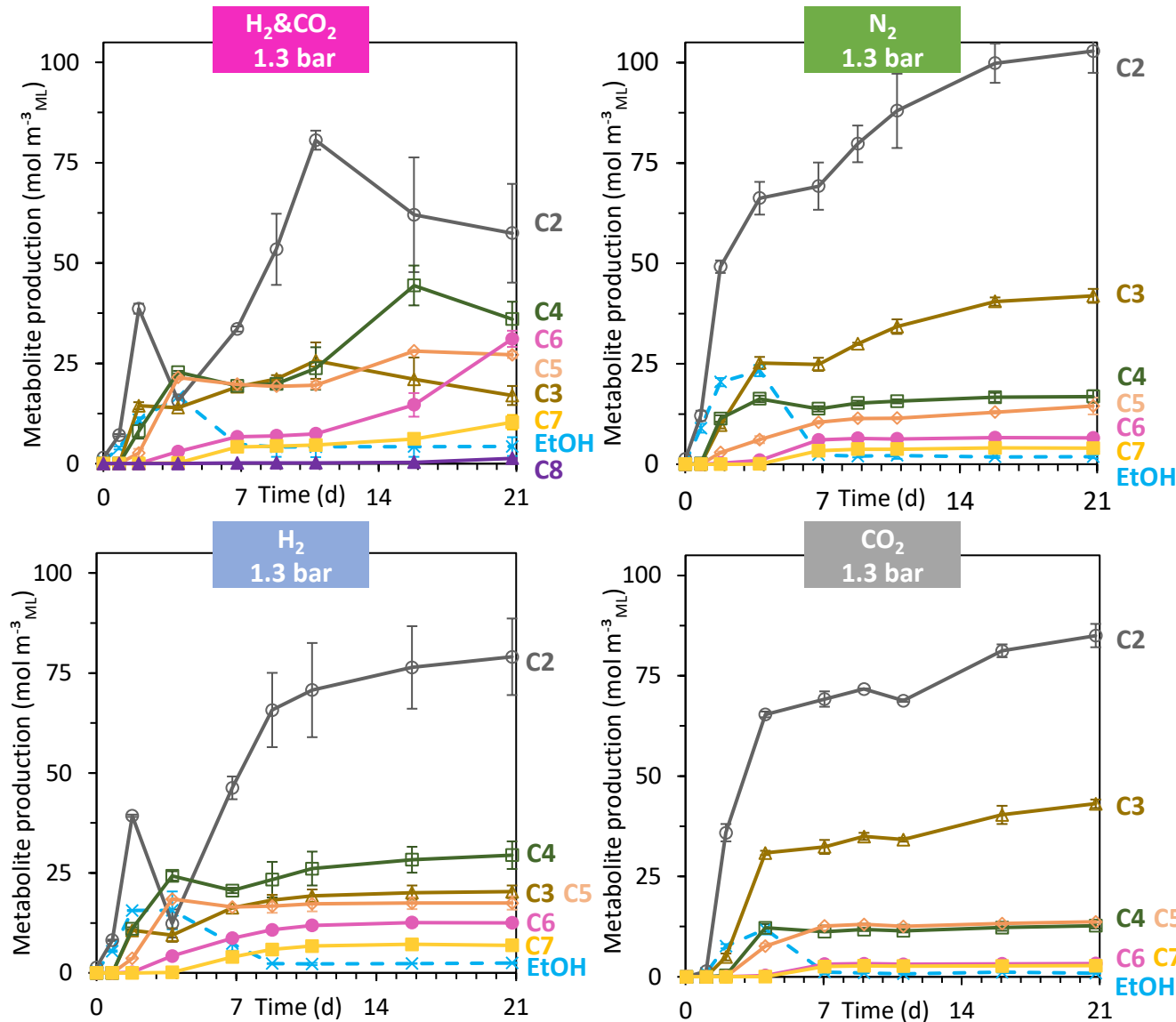
Metabolite productions according to the condition tested

Matter composition of the initial BSG

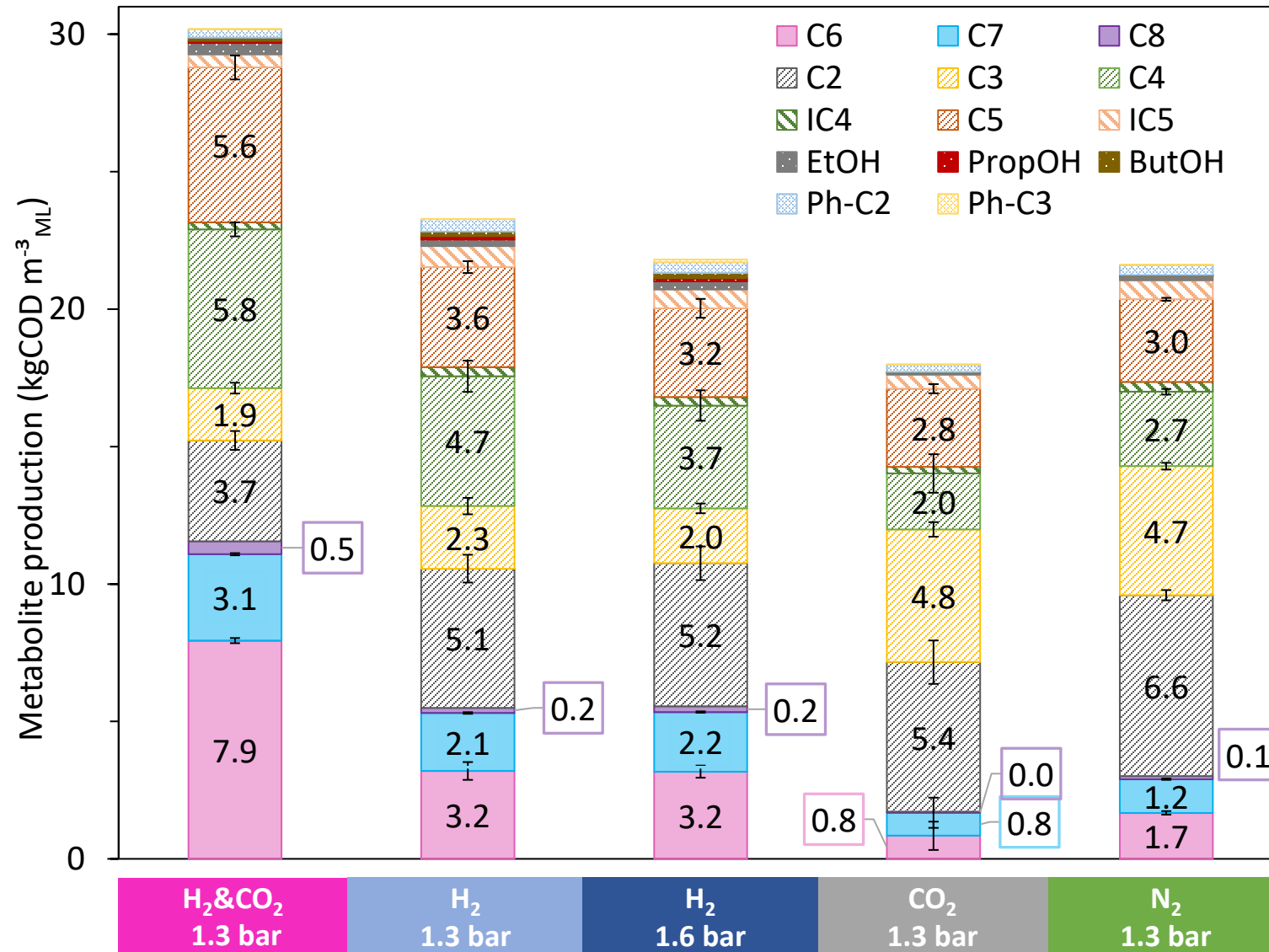
Dry Matter _{105 °C}	23.2 % _{FM}
Volatile Solid _{550 °C}	95.9 % _{DM}
Lignin	4.8 % _{DM}
Hemicelluloses	33.4 % _{DM}
Cellulose	17.9 % _{DM}
Starch	7.0 % _{DM}
Soluble sugars	0.8 % _{DM}
Proteins	25.1 % _{DM}
Minerals	4.1 % _{DM}
Other	7.0 % _{DM}



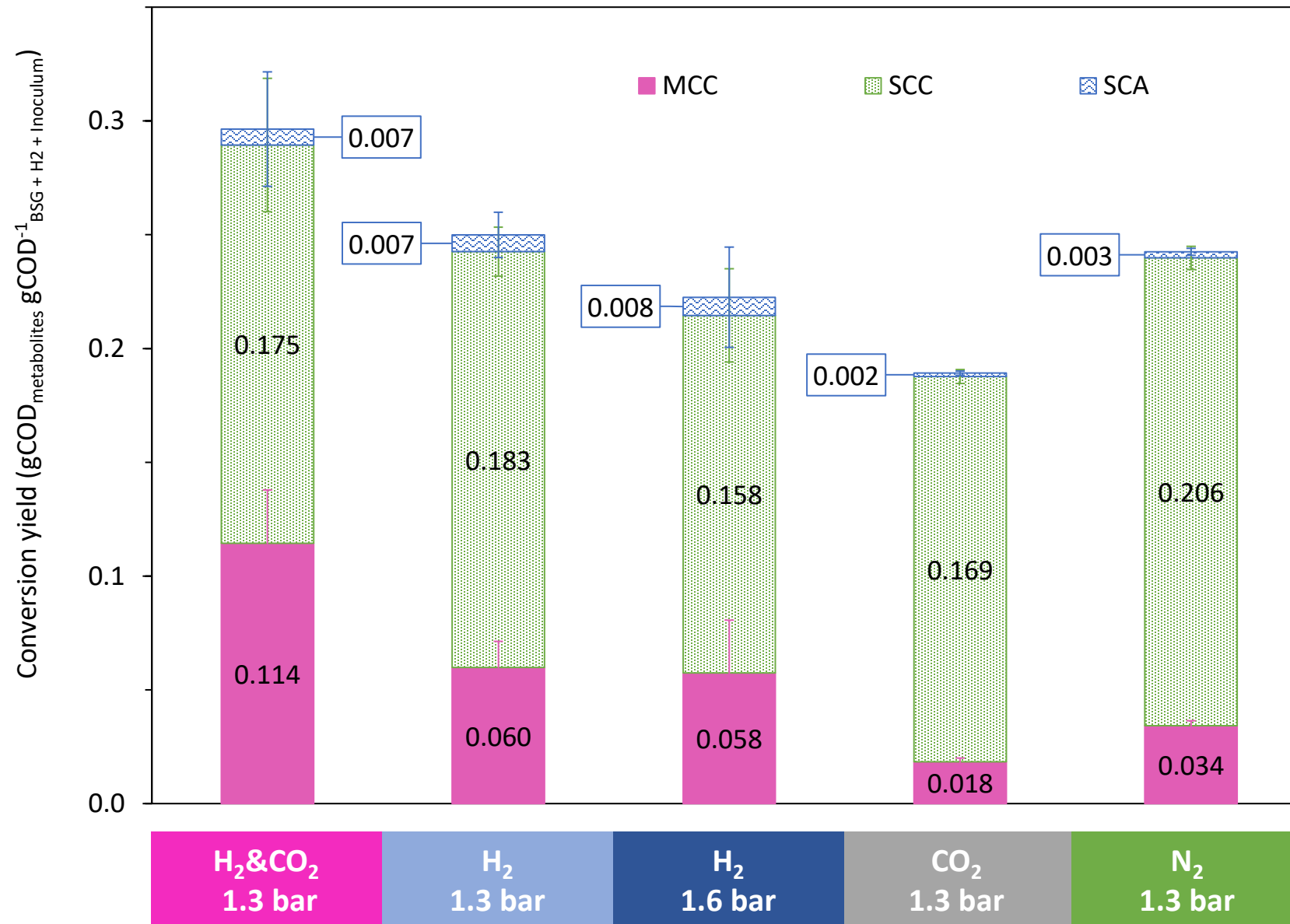
Metabolite productions according to the condition tested



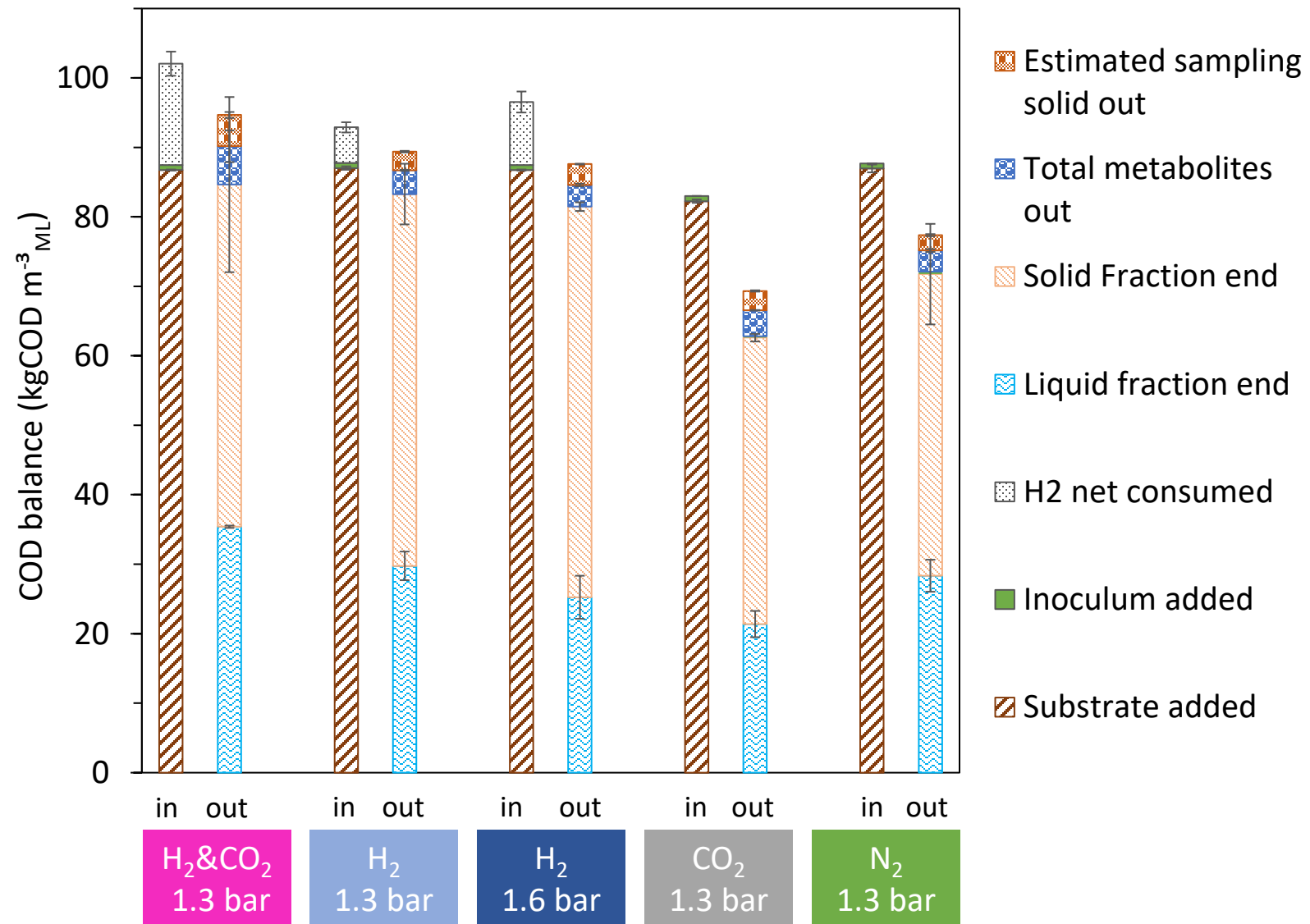
Final metabolite productions



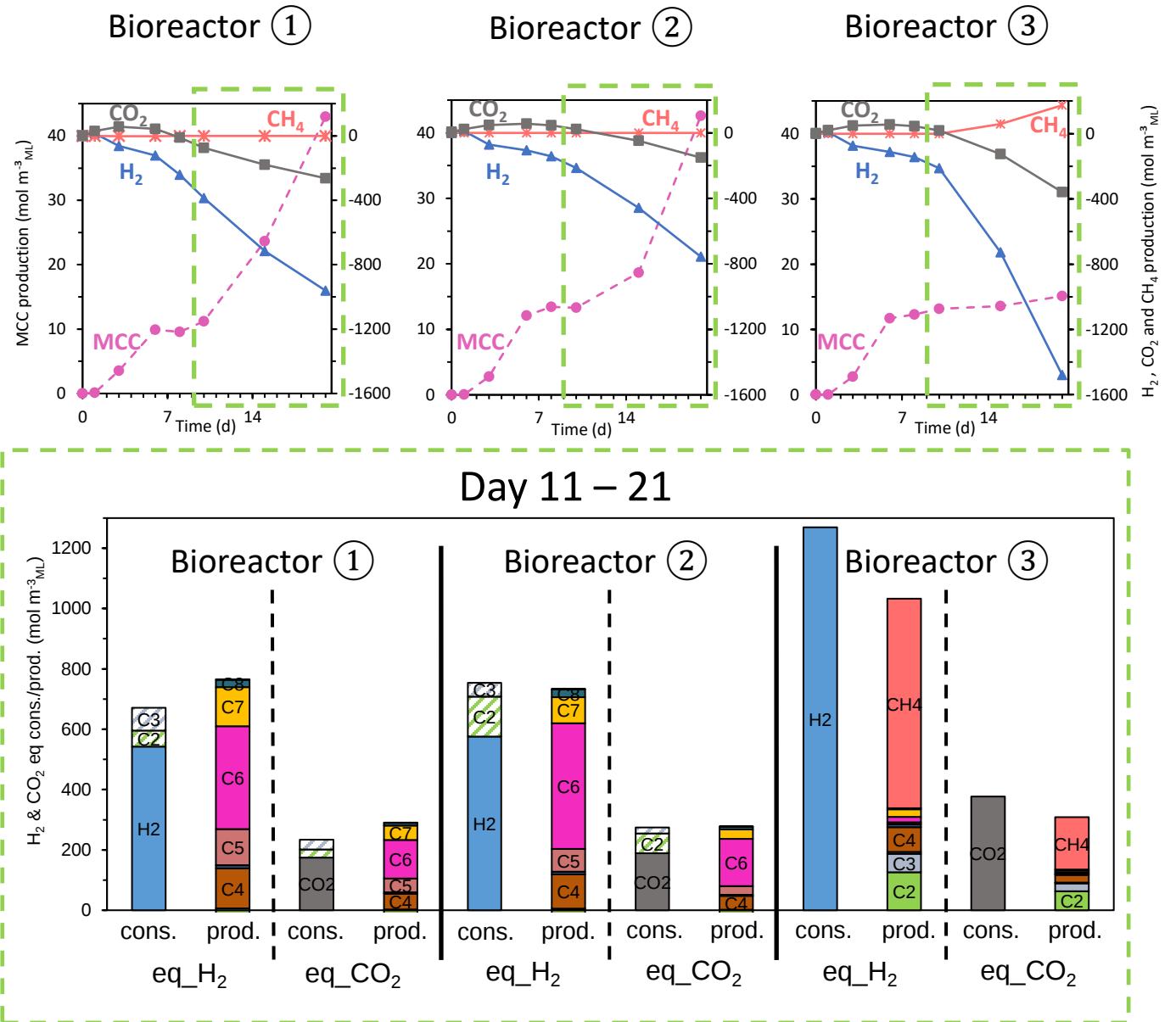
Conversion yield



COD balance (start – end)



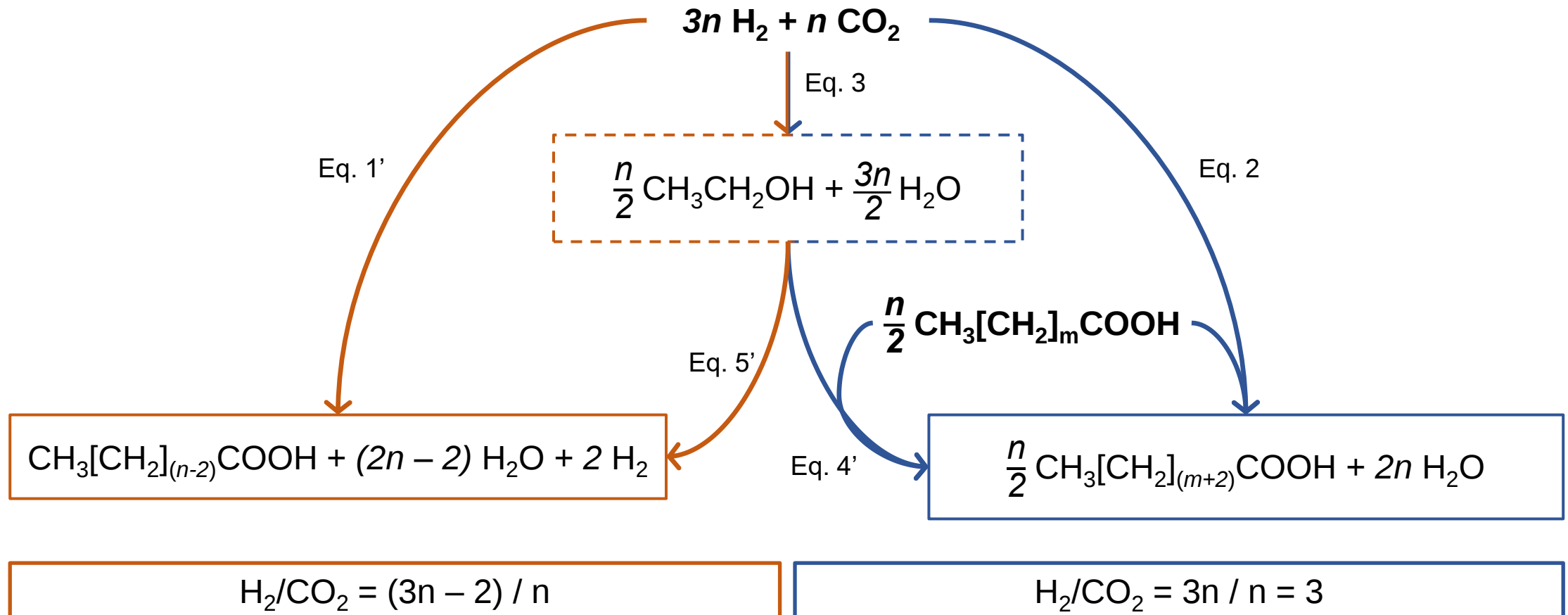
Carbon and electron balances in term of eq_H₂ and eq_CO₂



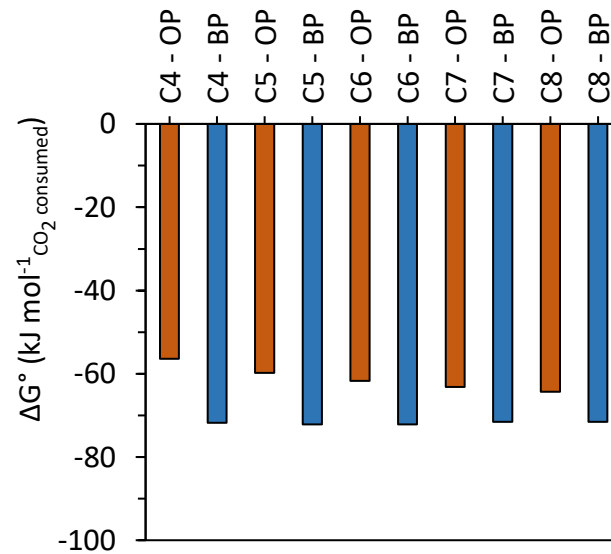
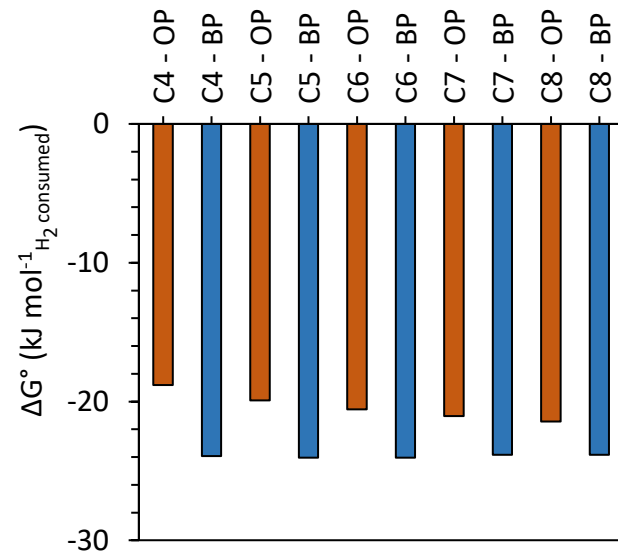
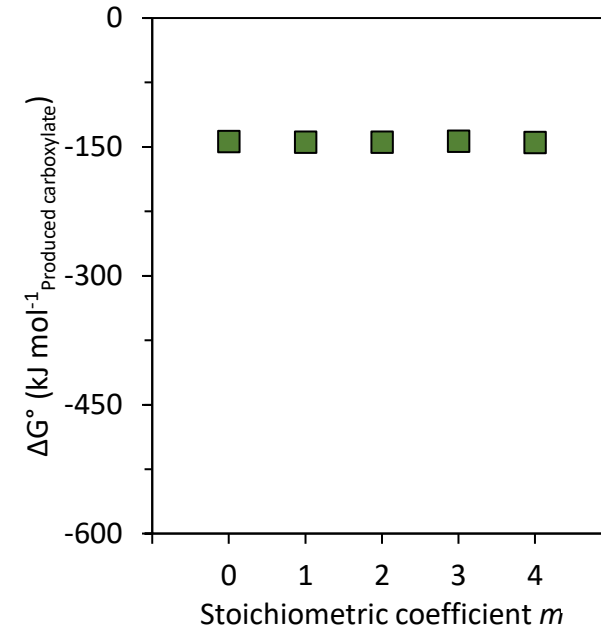
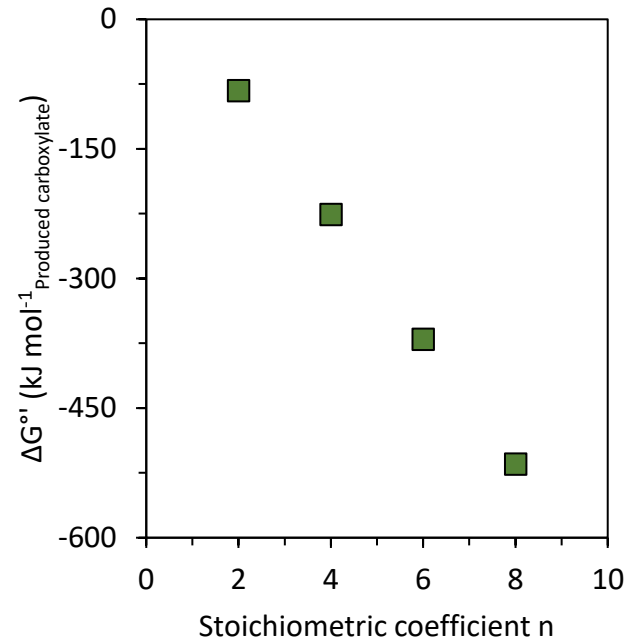
Two pathways : carboxylates based or not

H₂- and CO₂-based chain elongation
Without short-chain carboxylate supplied

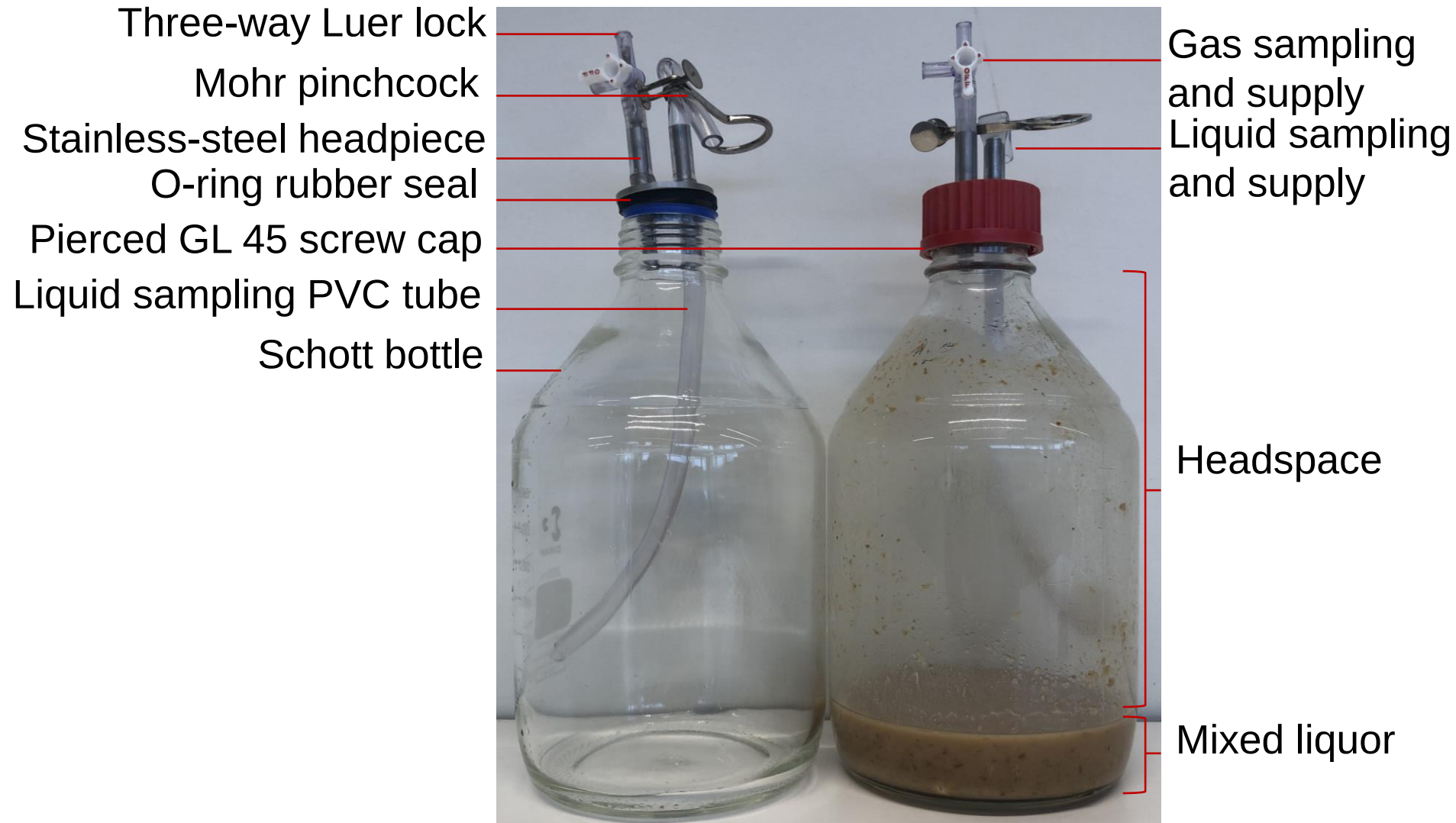
H₂- and CO₂-based chain elongation
with short-chain carboxylate supplied



Thermodynamic of the pathways



Assembled and filled bioreactors





Context: The biorefinery concept

Renewable organic feedstock



Platform molecules



Directly used

*Traditional, green
& bio-chemistry*

Bio-based products



Energy

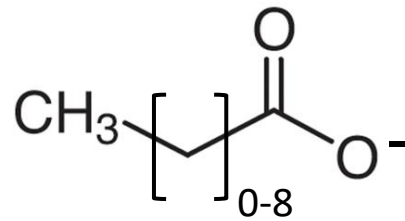


Context: Carboxylates as platform molecule

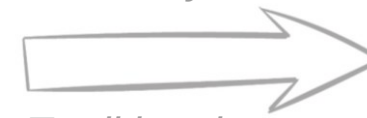
Renewable
organic feedstock



Carboxylates as
platform molecules



Directly used



*Traditional, green
& bio-chemistry*

Bio-based
products



Context: The biorefinery concept

